

El Al still grounded, stewards set to vote

By MICHAEL YUDELMAN
Jerusalem Post Reporter

EN-GURION AIRPORT. — El Al remained grounded yesterday, as all the airline's passengers, some 300 people, were flown out on chartered planes to Europe, and a chartered jumbo jet will be taking off today for the U.S. with El Al passengers.

An El Al spokesman said yesterday that all the airline's passengers are being notified of the changes in their flight schedules and so far the passenger flow is normal.

El Al's management met last night to discuss today's flight to Johannesburg. The airline's striking pilots announced that they are to interrupt their strike for flight to South Africa, in the event that this would better relations between the disputing sides and ease the importance of the flight.

The El Al management announced at midnight last night that the stewards' offer came too late and El Al was therefore impractical. The management expressed its regret that in the stewards' general meeting yesterday they did not decide to return to regular work. Management believes that all flights are to be carried out, not only the special ones.

Concerning the trip to Johannesburg, the management has yet to decide whether to use a chartered plane or not to operate the flight at 13:00.

The cabin attendants (stewards and pursers) met for over six hours yesterday and decided to vote today on the Histadrut's suggestion to return to work and file court charges against the management for firing six stewards in violation of the work agreement.

Histadrut trade union chief Yisrael Kessar advised the stewards to return to work unconditionally, while negotiations begin between the workers and management. The Histadrut, in turn, will take legal action against management for firing the stewards.

But most of the cabin attendants are still demanding that management cancel the letters of dismissal as a pre-condition to returning to work. The secret vote on the Histadrut proposals will be held this morning at the air crews' headquarters here.

The cabin attendants, who refuse to board El Al planes due to the dismissal letters issued to several of them for not selling duty-free drinks and other items to passengers, say they are not on strike and are willing to return to work as soon as the dismissals are cancelled.

The stewards' works committee chairman, Jo Yehzekel, said that El Al manager Yitzhak Shander had promised them that if Sunday's three evening flights took off, management would cancel the dismissals. The three flights, to Bucharest, Athens and Cairo, which were due to leave between 7 and 8 p.m. Sunday, were delayed by the stewards, a number of whom were handed dismissal notices as soon as they landed on incoming flights that day.

But when the stewards agreed to let the three flights leave, somewhat after schedule, management refused to cancel the dismissals. As a result, the cabin attendants prevented Flight 001 taking off to New York that night.

Princess Grace dies
MONTE CARLO, Monaco (UPI). — Princess Grace of Monaco, who abandoned the pinnacle of stardom in Hollywood for a real-life marriage to a handsome prince, died yesterday of injuries suffered in a fiery car crash last Monday, the royal palace said. She was 52.

The princess, the former film star Grace Kelly of Philadelphia died at 4:30 p.m., a palace spokesman said, adding she died of a broken right thighbone, collarbone and ribs when the car she was driving went out of control, plunged down a 45-foot embankment and burst into flames.

aq destroys Iran oil depot
COSIA, Cyprus (AP). — Iraqi air force jets yesterday bombed oil tank farms and "vital installations" on the Iranian island of Kharg as round fighting continued along the Iran-Iraq battlefield, an Iraqi military spokesman announced in a dispatch.

Iran said in a separate dispatch that Iraqi oil installations at Fao in southern Iraq sustained damage due to Iranian shelling which also killed or wounded 29 Iraqi troops. Twenty-five more Iraqis were killed or wounded by Iranian security forces in the same general area.

raper opens talks in Jerusalem today
Post Diplomatic Correspondent
U.S. diplomat Morris Draper, newly elevated to the rank of roving ambassador, opens talks in Jerusalem with Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir this morning on the proposed withdrawal of all foreign troops from Lebanon.

Draper, who assisted peacekeeper Philip Habib throughout the Beirut mediation effort, flew back to the region last night. He will be joined by Habib himself later in the month. The two men apparently plan to shuttle between Jerusalem, Damascus and Beirut for what could become a protracted negotiation.

Pope John Paul is to receive Arafat today
VATICAN CITY (AP). — Pope John Paul II, despite sharp protests from Israeli officials and Jewish organizations, will go ahead today with a private meeting with PLO chief Yasser Arafat, Vatican sources said yesterday.

The audience will be low-key and probably short, held in the late afternoon after the pope's regular general audience in St. Peter's Square, the sources said.

Plans call for the pope to stop at the nearby Paul VI auditorium to meet Arafat in one of the small audience rooms before boarding a helicopter to return to his summer palace in Castel Gandolfo south of Rome, sources said.

The meeting in no way implies any kind of legal recognition of the Palestine Liberation Organization, said a Vatican official who asked that his name not be used. He said the PLO had sought the meeting and that the pope agreed to it in response to his "humanitarian concerns" for the Palestinian people.

Arafat is also due to meet, probably tomorrow, Italian President Sandro Pertini.

Renewal of UNIFIL mandate is in doubt
By BILL KRITZBERG
Jerusalem Post Reporter
HAIFA. — There are growing indications that UNIFIL's peace-keeping mandate in Southern Lebanon may not be renewed by the UN Security Council when it expires on October 19.

The war has brought into question the usefulness of the 7,000-man UN Interim Force in Lebanon. With a new Lebanese government taking office on September 24, the enhanced prospect of a restoration of strong Lebanese sovereignty in the south, and the removal of the terrorists from the area under UNIFIL control, it appears that the departure of UNIFIL forces is inevitable. The only question seems to lie with the timing of the withdrawal.

Lebanese President-elect Bashir Jemayel was reported dead last night from injuries sustained when a massive bomb blast tore through his Phalange party's headquarters in downtown Beirut yesterday afternoon.

UPI and AP, in late bulletins from Beirut last night, cited government sources for news of Jemayel's death.

All earlier reports had carried eyewitness and Phalange accounts, according to which Jemayel had survived the blast with no more than minor injuries.

Government sources were quoted as saying that Jemayel's body was taken to the Hotel Dieu hospital in the Ashrafieh section of East Beirut, the same neighborhood where he died. Some sources said that the body was later taken to the Jemayel home in the mountain village of Bikfayeh.

For more than an hour after his body was dug from under the debris, official Beirut Radio played funeral music without interruption.

The Voice of Free Lebanon radio, operated by Jemayel, made no mention of his death, but issued statements telling members of the Phalange-led Lebanese Forces militia not to venture out in uniform or carry guns without specific orders.

The sources said President Elias Sarkis informed Prime Minister Shafik Wazzan of Jemayel's death in the bombing of the party office at 4 p.m. local time.

Jemayel's body was found in the rubble of the building in Ashrafieh's main Sassine Square several hours after the explosion, the sources said.

The radio of Jemayel's Phalange party went off the air with no explanation a few hours after the explosion. The state radio began playing a dirge for a few minutes about 11 p.m. local time and then switched to classical music.

Jerusalem: Murder is blow to Arab moderates
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Post Diplomatic Correspondent
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Jemayel assassinated

By DAVID BERNSTEIN
Post Mideast Affairs Reporter
and agencies

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Bashir Jemayel speaking to supporters last month.

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The weather at major Swissair destinations

14.7.1982	MIN.	MAX.	C F C P
AMSTERDAM	17	23	63 73
BROOKLYN	17	23	63 73
BUEENOS AIRES	7	12	45 54
CHICAGO	18	24	64 75
COPENHAGEN	18	24	64 75
FRANKFURT	18	24	64 75
GENEVA	18	24	64 75
HELSINKI	18	24	64 75
HONG KONG	2	18	36 64
JERUSALEM	18	24	64 75
LONDON	18	24	64 75
LISBON	18	24	64 75
MADRID	18	24	64 75
MONTREAL	18	24	64 75
NEW YORK	18	24	64 75
OSLO	18	24	64 75
PARIS	18	24	64 75
RIO DE JANEIRO	18	24	64 75
SAO PAULO	18	24	64 75
STOCKHOLM	18	24	64 75
TOKYO	22	28	72 82
TORONTO	18	24	64 75
VINNA	18	24	64 75
ZURICH	18	24	64 75

For the latest weather conditions, contact Swissair.

Offices in Israel:
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Jerusalem: 30 Afula St. (02) 252 33
Haifa: 2 Sea Road (04) 84 655

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THE WEATHER

Yesterday's	Yesterday's	Today's
Humidity	Min-Max	Max
Jerusalem	48	15-27
Golan	37	17-28
Nabatieh	29	22-30
Safed	25	15-26
Haifa Port	64	24-30
Tiberias	41	20-34
Nazareth	46	18-28
Afula	46	18-28
Shomron	49	18-28
Tel Aviv	58	20-30
B-G Airport	51	20-29
Jericho	35	19-35
Gaza	57	21-28
BeerSheva	36	16-30
Eilat	13	23-37

ARRIVALS

Al Bloom, Cynthia Dettelbach, Milton Firestone, Yida Gidger, David Gross, David Horowitz, Mark Klein, Leif Reiss, Gary Rosenblatt, Joseph Samuels, Philip Scheier, and Susan Schocher, editors and journalists of American-Jewish newspapers, for a study tour sponsored by the Israel Government Press Office and the World Zionist Organization's department of information.

Subdued affair for Bastille Day

Post Political Correspondent
JAFFA. — Few of Israel's leaders were in attendance at a subdued Bastille Day reception given last night by French Ambassador Marc Bonnefous at his residence here. The low-key celebration was due to a semi-official boycott of the July 14th festivities because of the comparison made recently by French President Francois Mitterrand of Operation Peace for Galilee to Nazi atrocities in wartime France. The only Israeli political leaders present were Knesset Speaker Menachem Begin, Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir, Minister without Portfolio Yitzhak Moda'i, Labour Party chairman Shimon Peres and Jewish Agency chairman Arye Dulin. No other Knesset members were present, unlike last year's Bastille Day observance, when Prime Minister Menachem Begin led a throng of celebrants. Many of the Israelis who attended did so despite the present chill in Paris-Jerusalem relations and in tribute to the popular Bonnefous, who will finish his tour of duty in Israel before next year's observance.

Sammy Davis Jr. sees Begin, soldiers

Jerusalem Post Reporter
TEL AVIV. — Sammy Davis Jr. was the candyman yesterday, dispensing autographs, smiles, good cheer and encouragement on the first full day of his visit here, sponsored by the Soldiers Welfare Association. Disregarding a bad case of jet lag and a very heavy schedule, the U.S. entertainer plunged into a whirlwind tour that took him to Prime Minister Menachem Begin's office in the Knesset, a soldiers' rest home in Acre, a naval base in Haifa and finally, a visit to the city's Rambam Hospital, where he greeted soldiers and civilians wounded in the war in Lebanon. During his meeting, Begin told Davis that Israel had struck just in the nick of time, and detailed the many PLO atrocities in Lebanon. He urged Davis to speak to the people in Lebanon and judge for himself the necessity for Israeli action. Tomorrow, Davis is scheduled to travel to Lebanon.

Michael Blankfort, writer, at 74

Novelist, playwright and screenwriter Michael Blankfort, the author of *Juggler* and *Ball of Fire*, died yesterday in Los Angeles. The *Jerusalem Post* has learned. He was 74. Until last year Blankfort was president of the Hollywood Screen Writers Guild. A frequent visitor and constant supporter of Israel, he led a drive following the Yom Kippur War that raised \$10 million for Israel. He is survived by his wife, two daughters and four grandchildren.

CEREMONY. — A cornerstone was laid last night for the new building at the yeshiva headed in Kiryat Shmona, to be named after six religious soldier-students who fell so far in Operation Peace for Galilee.

WORLD & HOME NEWS

IDF takes over advanced Soviet equipment

By YITZHAK OKED, Jerusalem Post Reporter
SIDON. — If Sgan-Aluf Moshe's calculations are correct, one complex of advanced equipment supplied by the Soviets to the terrorists and now in Israeli hands is worth about \$250m, or about one-quarter of the estimated \$1b. financial price of the war thus far. Moshe, a commander of one of the IDF units bringing back materiel to Israel, was speaking to reporters touring Lebanon under the auspices of Egged. The officer said that the complex of sophisticated Soviet equipment is one of many items being found every day in Lebanon. Refusing to give details, he said that the equipment was revolutionary, highly technical, included computers and needed several dozen trucks to transport it to Israel. Another piece of Soviet equipment not known in the West and now in Israeli hands, is a giant boring machine for tunnelling into mountains. "People who have seen this machine do not believe their eyes when they see it in action. If we put it on one side of Mount Tabor and start drilling, we could have a tunnel right through in not more than two days," he said.

It is believed that the terrorists used this machine to tunnel into mountains, which were then turned into arsenals. "Our problem is that every day, yes every day, we are finding more and more hidden arsenals," he said. He noted that the finds were not always purely military. One of these was an enormous store of wooden planks, probably to be used by the terrorists for the construction of bunkers and other buildings. Moshe estimated that just to empty out this enormous store would take a dozen trucks over a month.

British woman alleges two women soldiers beat her

By DAVID RICHARDSON
Jerusalem Post Reporter
A 24-year-old British woman who works as a research assistant at Birzeit University in the West Bank has alleged that she was beaten with a wooden truncheon by two women soldiers in the Ramallah military government headquarters on Sunday afternoon. Military sources last night confirmed that an official complaint had been filed and said it was being checked by the investigative arm of the Military Police and not within the military government unit itself. An official of the British consulate in East Jerusalem is expected to lodge a complaint with the Foreign Ministry today. The story of the alleged attack is being widely reported by the British press and radio.

The woman, Anne Scott, could not be reached yesterday, after she related her story to Kol Yisrael in the morning. Several of her associates at Birzeit have repeated her allegations. Scott alleges she was detained on Sunday afternoon by a soldier she identifies as "Uzi" outside military government headquarters where she was with two students waiting to reclaim their identity cards. University officials regularly accompany students summoned by the military government because of allegations of intimidation there.

The soldier originally detained Scott because her visa had expired. Scott claims she had been granted a work permit and she understood that because of it, the Interior Ministry would issue her a suitable visa. After signing a statement acknowledging her visa was no longer valid, Scott claims she was taken to a soldiers' dormitory by two women soldiers who began to

question her about why she was in Birzeit. When she refused to answer and demanded that a lawyer be present, Scott alleges the soldiers took out a truncheon from behind a cupboard and beat her on the upper arms, shoulders and legs. After several hours Scott alleges she was transferred to the Russian Compound in Jerusalem and held without being questioned and without having charges brought against her until Tuesday morning. On her release Scott says she went to a doctor at the al-Makassid Hospital in East Jerusalem, who signed a statement confirming conditions on the legs and upper arms. A representative of the British consulate in East Jerusalem last night confirmed she was bruised in these areas. According to consular officials, Scott arrived some six months ago and had been sent to Birzeit as a research assistant on a bursary provided by the UN Association in Britain.

She has a degree in modern Middle East studies from the University of Durham. She was born in Kuwait where her father was employed as an oil engineer. When she was 12, the family moved back to the small Yorkshire farming town of Skipton. She was also active in a voluntary capacity in public relations work for Birzeit. A consular official in Jerusalem said last night that while British nationals have previously reported that their passports had occasionally been taken, this was the first case of detention and alleged beating to come to their attention. Last week university officials also complained that two young students had been severely beaten by border policemen while being held in Ramallah. They produced medical certificates to back up the allegations.

East Beirutis crowd tranquil Junieh

Jerusalem Post Reporter
JUNIEH. — Thousands of East Beirut residents have left the Lebanese capital and its inter-mittent artillery shellings for this coastal resort town, 20 kilometres to the north. Here the war is hardly felt, and the city's five hotels are totally filled. Junieh's swimming pools and beaches are crowded day and night. Vacationers in the town, which has managed to stay out of the seven-

year-old Lebanese civil war, can watch the live fire "display" from the direction of Beirut. A significant number of foreign tourists were vacationing in Junieh as well. Many of them are veteran visitors to the town, who say they will never abandon their favourite resort. Many of Beirutis present say they intend to stay in Junieh on extended vacation until the fighting in the capital ends.

Damascus attitude worries Syrian Druse

Jerusalem Post Reporter
METULLA. — Syrian Druse have expressed fear that their government's attitude towards them will change for the worse following the Lebanese Druse community's welcome to invading Israeli forces. Syrian Druse arriving at the border near Majdal Shams in the Golan Heights yesterday told relatives on the Israeli-controlled side that members of the sect have encountered hostility lately from Damascus officials, who speak of the "treason" of their co-religionists necessary for a declaration of a recognition, even a qualified recognition, of Israel's right to exist. Shemtov stated, "Instead, they preferred a military to a political solution."

By "political," he meant a solution based on a territorial compromise, Shemtov said. According to Mapam, Israel should negotiate peace with "any Palestinian element that recognizes Israel's right to exist, and which does not resort to terror but is ready to live in peace with it."

Mapam head belittles Sartawi's 'recognition'

TEL AVIV. — Mapam's secretary-general Victor Shemtov yesterday dismissed as inconsequential PLO European representative Issam Sartawi's declaration earlier this week which indicated a PLO willingness to recognize Israel's existence. "Regrettably, Sartawi's is a solitary call," Shemtov said, noting that in the past, the Palestinian "ambassador" had been chided by his colleagues for similar pronouncements. "The leaders of the PLO have so far shown neither the stamina nor the political wisdom

necessary for a declaration of a recognition, even a qualified recognition, of Israel's right to exist," Shemtov stated. "Instead, they preferred a military to a political solution."

Begin meets with officer protestors

Three reserve officers, released from active duty, met last week with Prime Minister Menachem Begin to protest against the war in Lebanon. One of them was the son of Interior Minister Yosef Burg, Avraham, 27, a reserve paratrooper officer. They met with Begin for an hour and a half. The meeting followed a letter they had sent to Begin in which they expressed their feelings and that of their comrades about the war. The newspaper *Devar*, which first reported the fact of the meeting yesterday, said the men told Begin that the war should be stopped and that not another single soldier's life should be sacrificed in Lebanon. They opposed any notion of Israel assaulting West Beirut. The men also spoke strongly in condemnation of Defence Minister Ariel Sharon.

The newspaper *Devar*, which first reported the fact of the meeting yesterday, said the men told Begin that the war should be stopped and that not another single soldier's life should be sacrificed in Lebanon. They opposed any notion of Israel assaulting West Beirut. The men also spoke strongly in condemnation of Defence Minister Ariel Sharon.

Harassed civil servants invited to complain

Any civil servant suffering from political harassment from his seniors can contact the Knesset State Control Committee in writing, by phone or in person, chairman Avraham Katz-Oz announced. Katz-Oz said in a statement that after his comments on the political probe by the aide of Communica-

tions Minister Mordechai Zupori, against a ministry employee who criticized the war in Lebanon, he got "many other such complaints from civil servants in other ministries" who reported what he called a "McCarthyist atmosphere, party provocation and tale-bearing."

BEIRUT TALKS

(Continued from Page One)

saying yesterday that the French had proposed a new plan, according to which French troops would separate the PLO and Israeli forces until most of the PLO had left Beirut, after which the Americans would come in along with Greek and possibly also Italian forces. Salam said French Ambassador to Lebanon Paul-Marie Henry had come to him on Tuesday morning with the plan. The two men had a long discussion with Habib. "Now it has come to the point where the Americans say 'all right, it is not exactly as you understand it, that we won't have our soldiers ashore until after the departure of the PLO' — after a great number of Palestinians have departed we will come in." So the French could come forward as a vanguard and take charge for a while, and then the Americans could come in, with the Italians and the Greeks, too," Salam said.

He said the Israelis had rejected one part of the plan. The French had suggested the PLO be gathered in Lebanese army barracks in Beirut as the French moved in, then the Israelis would be asked to withdraw from the city. "The Israelis refused this because they want to stick to every inch they are on now," he said. "They wouldn't do it unless the last of the Palestinian combatants leave Beirut and Lebanon."

Salam said the plan was "not totally unacceptable to the Israelis. It is still being discussed in parts." He added that the negotiators were working on details of how the French would move in, even if the Israelis refused to withdraw. Salam said the negotiations on the French plan represented "some progress, some small progress."

PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, after emerging from a one-hour meeting with Salam yesterday afternoon, told the Associated Press that "definitely there is progress. I don't want to describe it, but definitely there is."

Salam also said that "much depends" on the meeting in Washington between the Arab foreign ministers and Shultz especially on the question of the Syrians. "I am awaiting the outcome of that meeting in Washington, to know what deal will be made," he said.

Meanwhile, the independent Lebanese daily *an-Nahar* reported yesterday that Habib told Lebanese officials that Israel had given him "only a few more days" to arrange for the peaceful evacuation of the PLO from West Beirut.

But several sources in Beirut were quoted as saying that Habib's efforts were, in effect, "frozen" yesterday, pending the scheduled meeting in Washington this week of Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul-Halim Khaddam and his Saudi counterpart, Prince Saud al-Faisal, with President Reagan and Secretary-of-State Designate Shultz.

It was hoped that the meeting would result in a reversal of Syria's refusal to accept the 6,000-odd PLO fighters evacuated from Beirut — a position which many observers view as the main snag holding up efforts to evacuate the PLO from Beirut.

It has also been noted however, that even if Syria were to reserve its position and accept the PLO, this would still not resolve the vexed question of when the evacuation of Syria would take place — before the deployment of the multinational force in Beirut, as demanded by the Israeli, or after, as demanded by the PLO.

Meanwhile, there was some concern in Beirut last night that the Khaddam-Saud visit might not take place at all in view of the renewed crisis in the Persian Gulf.

Both Syria and Saudi Arabia have a vested interest in the Gulf dispute, with Syria firmly committed to Iraq and Saudi Arabia as firmly committed to Iraq — something that could hinder their own efforts to arrive at a joint position on Lebanon.

As of late last night, neither Khaddam nor Saud were reported to have left for Washington.

There was also considerable concern in Beirut that the renewed fighting in the Gulf could direct international attention away from Lebanon, giving Israel the opportunity to launch a lightning strike on the PLO in West Beirut.

Na'amat protests sterilization condition

The Na'amat women's organization yesterday protested against what it claimed was a Health Ministry intention to allow sterilization of women only if the husband approved. Na'amat secretary-general Masha Lubelsky said in a communique that there was no precedent for making a medical operation on one person



Air Force commander Aluf David Ivri pins insignia on an outstanding graduate of an officer's course yesterday during the celebration of Air Force Day.

Captured Gazelle to be displayed

By HIRSH GOODMAN
Post Defence Correspondent
Israel will display a Gazelle attack helicopter captured from the Syrians during Operation Peace for Galilee at an Air Force Day parade this afternoon. The Gazelle was found virtually intact in southern Lebanon. The helicopter is reported to be in operational condition after being totally overhauled by an Air Force maintenance crew. It will be flown before an invited audience as the centre piece of this year's Air Force Day observance at a base in the South.

The Gazelle is the joint product of the French firm, Aerospatiale, and the British company, Westland. It comes in two versions, the more advanced carrying six HOT anti-tank missiles and having an operational range of 755 kilometres. It has been in service with the Syrians for over five years. They were used several times by the Syrians in the war, and Israel claims a number of certain kills.

Israel has two attack helicopters, the Cobra and the Defender, both American-made and both using the TOW anti-tank missile as their primary weapon.

Peres: Socialist meet 'great success'

By SARAH HONIG
Post Political Reporter
TEL AVIV. — Labour Party Chairman Shimon Peres reported on his return to Israel yesterday that his participation in the just concluded Socialist International meeting in Copenhagen was a "great success."

Peres said Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kreisky "remained alone in his anti-Israel outburst. In the end our arguments were accepted. Israel was not condemned and its right to defend itself, even beyond its frontiers, was accepted. For the first time the International con-

demned terror." The Socialist International called on Israel not to enter West Beirut and to seek a diplomatic solution to the Palestinian problem. Also called for were a politically independent Lebanon and a multinational force to be established there.

Kreisky had a loud verbal exchange with Peres when the Austrian chancellor interrupted his address to the presidium several times. Former Portuguese premier Mario Soares, who was here recently on a fact-finding mission, expressed strong support for the Labour Party stand, Peres said.

El Al ready to run air link to Lebanon

By JOSHUA BRILLIANT
Jerusalem Post Reporter
TEL AVIV. — El Al is seeking an arrangement to enable air passengers to and from Lebanon to fly via Ben-Gurion Airport, airline president Yitzhak Shander told *The Jerusalem Post* yesterday.

He said the service could begin 48 to 60 hours after final government approval is given. The plan has already been approved in principle, the Interior Ministry said.

Shander said El Al has received many requests to provide such a service. Lebanon's one international airport at Beirut has been cut off by heavy fighting, forcing air passengers to travel by sea or roundabout roads to Syria in order to fly abroad. The simplest and easiest thing would be to go through Ben-Gurion Airport, Shander said. If the arrangement goes into effect, El Al will send officials to Lebanon to sell and endorse tickets of other airlines. It will work through the Israel Defence Forces unit for assisting Lebanese civilians and will not have an office of its own, *The Post* was told.

Air passengers for Lebanon will be issued transit visas in Israeli embassies abroad. A senior Interior Ministry official said "travel ar-

rangements could be completed quickly if passengers come on El Al, because the national carrier has better security arrangements. "Whoever wants to come on a foreign carrier will be welcome to do so, but it may take longer to complete transit formalities," he added.

So far only a few air passengers have gone to Lebanon via Israel, and solely on an *ad hoc* basis, such as one traveller from Cyprus who was permitted to enter Israel at Ben-Gurion and proceed through Metulla to Lebanon.

AIR POTENTIAL

(Continued from Page One)

Ivri said that while in modern warfare (and the war against the Syrians was a battle of sophisticated systems), it is ultimately the pilot who counts. Israeli pilots were also backed by efficient electronics, superior training and discipline, and better weapons than the other side. All these factors together culminated in Israel's success, he said, as well as the correct applications of operational conclusions drawn from past combat experience.

Air force helicopters carried some 1,200 wounded from the battlefield to hospitals and thousands of supplies to the front during the war, often under extremely dangerous conditions, as well as after the main fighting eased.

Planes flew mission from the new airfields at Uvda and Ramon just two months after these Negev bases were opened, Ivri said, adding he thinks it incredible that those responsible for the relocation project from the Sinai had managed to get the bases operational so soon.

Operation Peace for Galilee and the battle with the Syrians was unique in several respects, Ivri said. The limitation posed on the air force in the opening stages of the war to avoid all contact with the Syrians was a new factor for the air force to contend with in a war situation, while the crowded skies posed difficult problems in terms of battle management.

ISRAEL EASES

(Continued from Page One)

President Reagan at the end of last week not to launch a military assault on West Beirut.

Shamir said in the interview that Israel would only permit a planned multinational force to supervise the evacuation of the PLO after a sizeable number had already left Lebanon. Israel is not insisting, the PLO leave by any particular route.

In a clear signal to Jordan, Shamir insisted that Israel had no interest or desire in deposing King Hussein.

This was plainly a reference to the scheme, long canvassed by Defence Minister Sharon, of "helping" the PLO to overthrow the Hashemite House and set up a Palestinian republic in Jordan.

Shamir declared that Jordan today (under King Hussein) "geographically and demographically is a Palestinian Arab state."

SANCTIONS

(Continued from Page One)

say Cairo's earlier stridency has moderated in recent days and there seems to be a waning of enthusiasm there over a French-Egyptian initiative of the UN, which Israel saw as an effort to "save the PLO."

Nevertheless, an Israeli assault on Beirut would almost certainly bring a tough diplomatic reaction from Egypt, and there are fears here in Jerusalem that such a reaction could lead to a serious deterioration of relations.

On the occasion of the Shloshim for

RICHARD DOFFMAN

we will meet at Kiryat Shaul Military Cemetery at 11 a.m. on Friday, July 16, 1982.

We thank all who have shared our grief.

Doffman Family

In deep sorrow we mourn the passing of

HANNAH ALLINGTON

beloved wife, mother and grandmother.

May she rest in peace.

Loving husband, Herbert
Daughters, sons, grandchildren
and relatives

The funeral took place yesterday, July 14, 1982.

In deep sorrow, we announce the untimely passing of
my wife, our daughter, mother and sister.

ADINA BARAK

The funeral will leave today, Thursday, July 15, 1982 at 3 p.m. from the Synagogue in Kadima for the local cemetery.

Barak, Rassoo, Zeig,
Linson, Eckstein Families

To Becky and Yaki,
with our deepest sympathy on the loss of

SHIMON SHEIBA

Your Friends at the Institute

With deep sorrow, we announce the death of

MICHAEL BLANKFORT

In Los Angeles, California
He will be sorely missed by all who know and loved him.

The Carmel Family

A telephone in every home foreseen within three years

By YITZHAK OKED
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The "good news" is that within three months, the long awaited communications company will become a reality. The bad news is that the government company, slated to take over all of the telephone and telecommunication engineering activities now handled by the Communications Ministry, will take at least three years to catch up with the backlog of 200,000 people and companies currently waiting for a telephone.

Yitzhak Kaul, the ministry's deputy director-general in charge of human resources, made this assessment before participants in a study day on communications, held in conjunction with this week's communication exhibition *Tikshoret 82* at the Plaza Hotel.

Kaul, who heads a committee that is putting the final touches to the new communications company, told *The Jerusalem Post* that the negotiations with the workers are proceeding well and barring any last-minute hitches, the company should be established within the next three months.

Kaul also painted a near Utopian picture of Israel's communications after the company starts operating. The list includes a general improvement in service; phone repairs within 48 hours; a large selection of new communications gadgetry that will be available to telephone subscribers; and arrangements for subscribers to settle all problems by telephone.

He admitted that the new company may get off to a bit of a rough start because it will be the first company formed from part of a government ministry. About 8,000 ministry workers will be transferred to the new company.

Most teachers get their pay, strike threat off for now

By LEA LEVAVI
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Histadrut Teachers' Union has rescinded its threat to strike after an effort by the Ministry of Education to pay many of the teachers who failed to receive their August salaries on time.

"I think it's a scandal that the Ministry didn't see to it that all the teachers were paid before the holiday," Union treasurer Pinhas Hagin said yesterday. "The strike of financial officers is the problem of the Education and Finance ministries, not ours. The government is ready to live with delays in paying teachers' salaries. We're not."

The reprieve in the schools may only be temporary. This afternoon union representatives will meet with Education Minister Zevulun Hammer and demand that the recurring problems in payment of teachers' salaries be resolved once and for all. "We'll re-evaluate the situation after Rosh Hashana," Hagin said.

A teachers' strike after the Sukkot vacation may come either over more pay delays, or failure to reach agreement with the government on continued implementation of the Etzioni Commission recommendations, which include substantial pay raises, long opposed by the Treasury.

Censors to scrutinize new Sobol play

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — Members of the Film and Theatre Censorship Board are to see a rehearsal of a controversial new play by Israeli author Yehoshua Sobol before deciding if it can be staged.

The board has so far not issued a licence for "The Last Night of Otto Weininger," which is due to get its first public performance at the Haifa Theatre on October 20.

The play is set in Vienna at the end of the 19th century and concerns the life of philosopher Otto Weininger who committed suicide at the age of 23.

Censorship Board Chairman Yehoshua Justman said last night that there was no objection to the text of the play but there were reservations about one scene which is set in a brothel. "We have to know what this scene contains and how it will be shown, before we can issue a permit. We are not going to judge it until we have seen it," he added.



Yehoshua Sobol. (Jacob Agor)

Haifa theatre manager Noem Semel said he had invited members of the censorship board to rehearsals and hoped that a permit will be issued. He said the theatre would oppose moves to censor any of the play.

Jewish councils in Galilee short IS300m.

Jerusalem Post Reporter

UPPER NAZARETH. — Forty-one Jewish local councils in Galilee need at least IS300 million to get them out of their financial troubles, the mayor of Upper Nazareth said yesterday.

Speaking with *The Jerusalem Post*, Mayor Menahem Ariav, who is also chairman of Jewish settlements in the North, said that for lack of funds

many local councils have not paid salaries for months, and that several contractors have sued them for non-payment.

Ariav also said that the Jewish population of the area continues to decline compared with the Arab population and the government must invest more time and energy to give Galilee top priority for development.

Bar-Dagan named IDF signals chief

Post Defence Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Tat-Aluf Mordechai Bar-Dagan yesterday became chief signals and electronics officer, replacing Tat-Aluf Zvi Amid who is to head the new telephone company.

Bar-Dagan, who was promoted yesterday from the rank of Aluf-Mishne, was born in Jerusalem in 1938. He joined the Signal Corps in 1956 as a radio-telephone technician.

During the Six Day War of 1967, he commanded a communications unit in a tank brigade in Sinai and during the 1973 Yom Kippur War, was the communications officer of an armoured division on the Golan Heights.



Tat-Aluf Mordechai Bar-Dagan. (Horiz Kunsari)

He was deputy chief signals and electronics officer from 1979 to 1981.

Bar-Dagan is married and has one daughter.

Truckers want lower insurance rates

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Trucking Board has launched a public campaign for lower compulsory insurance premiums on commercial vehicles. It considers the recent 40 per cent increase in premiums unfair and discriminating, because the rates for private cars were only raised by 14.2 per cent.

The board bases its demand on a study made by Uzi Abel, the general

manager of the Avner Root organization for all no-fault compulsory insurance, and by Shai Sapir. The study was submitted to the Tel-Aviv University Centre for Insurance Research. One of its findings is that compulsory insurance for commercial vehicles is about 10 per cent too high. Abel and Sapir said they were surprised at the low percentage of trucks involved in more than one accident.



Dr. M. K. Baruch, Professor Yachini and guests. The dedication of a Gamma Camera took place on Sunday, September 5, 1982, at the Institute of Cardiology, Chaim Sheba Medical Centre, Tel Hashomer, made possible by the generous donation of Mr. Jacques Leri, Barcelona, Spain. — Secretary of Salomon — in the presence of Professor H. Neufeld, Professor Y. Yachini and Advocate I. Baruch, representing the donor.



Elderly residents of Jerusalem receive a gift of honey for Rosh Hashana. The honey, symbolic of a sweet new year, was a gift from the Roni Sofer Fund, a charitable trust named after a fallen soldier. It was distributed at the Romema Community Centre. (Harati)

Riot by Acre Arab youths seen as anti-war protest

By YOEL DAR
Jerusalem Post Reporter

ACRE. — Eight Arab youths, aged 16 to 19, were arrested yesterday on suspicion of taking part in a riot in the Old City here on Monday night.

The suspects yesterday denied before the Acre Magistrates Court that the rampage was an act of protest against the war in Lebanon. They claimed that it was connected with a local traditional feast.

Spokesman for the Galilee police district, Pakad David Bar-Yehuda, told *The Jerusalem Post* that Arab youngsters gathered on the beach and near the lighthouse adjacent to the ancient walls, burned tires and

stoned bystanders and passing cars. As a result of their rampage, four residents were slightly injured and two vehicles were damaged.

Policemen, headed by chief commander of the Galilee district, Nitzav-Mishne Meir Sadeh, were rushed to the scene. Some local government sources claimed the youngsters attempted to express their objection to the war, in which "their brethren were massacred."

This is not the first hostile incident in the north. In the past six weeks police arrested dozens of Arab youngsters in connection with harassment of their Jewish neighbours in the Segev bloc.

High Court upholds Lebanon import ban

The High Court of Justice yesterday rejected a petition by a Jerusalem reservist against Chief of Staff Rav-Aluf Rafael Eitan's ban on the importing of goods by Israel Defence Forces soldiers from Lebanon.

Petitioner Roland Roth, an attorney, said that as a reservist serving in Lebanon, he should be allowed to import various goods without duty. He argued that Eitan's ban had been imposed for reasons other than security, and was thus illegal.

Deputy State Attorney Eli Ben-Tovim responded that the ban was imposed not for economic reasons, but to safeguard military discipline

in light of the IDF's experience during the Litani Operation in 1978. The measure is needed, Ben-Tovim argued, to preserve the image of the IDF and to aid the campaign against looting.

Justices Shlomo Levin, Dov Levin and Shoshana Netanyahu accepted the state's arguments, citing the "sad and regretful experience concerning the behaviour of IDF soldiers in Lebanon during the Litani Operation." The court hoped Eitan's measures would serve as "effective supervision on the part of the army" in preventing looting and other crimes against property in Lebanon. (Iim)

Beduin workers reject move to West Bank

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA. — The staff of the Beersheba Labour Council, Beduin section, yesterday turned down a proposal tabled last week by Labour-Alignment MK Uri Sabag calling for Beduin settlements in Judea and Samaria.

"We contemptuously reject MK Uri Sabag's proposal dealing with the solution to the Beduin problem

in the Negev through settlements in Judea and Samaria," the staff statement said. It called on all the political parties and the government to find a proper and just solution to the problems, especially those of the Beduin of Tel-Malhata.

Prominent Beduin told *The Jerusalem Post* that they consider the Sabag proposals tantamount to eviction and dispossession.

Jail, fine for bribing official to falsify ID.

HAIFA (Iim). — A 56-year-old baker was sentenced yesterday by the district court here to three months' imprisonment and fined IS12,000 for bribing an Interior Ministry official to change the birthdate in his identity card, thus enabling him to receive National Insurance pension payments.

The court found that Ahmed Ab-salah gave IS5,000 to Menashe Sheveth, an official in the Acre office of the Interior Ministry, in return for which Sheveth added nine years to his age on the identity card.

Israel Museum offers art of 'Here and Now'

More than 50 local artists are participating in the "Here and Now" exhibition of contemporary arts at Jerusalem's Israel Museum. The exhibition spreads over seven galleries to provide a cross-section of activities in painting and sculpture, drawing, photography and video.

Both Likud, Labour back court workers' claims

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Knesset Law Committee, displaying unanimous support for the striking court workers' pay claims, yesterday called on the government to meet their demands.

At Likud MK Michael Kleiner's suggestion, the committee, however, decided to avoid a public declaration — which Kleiner said would be counterproductive — and to raise the matter with Justice Minister Moshe Nissim and Finance Minister Yoram Aridor.

Labour MK Shevah Weiss sought to strengthen the appeal to the government by

stating that the committee supported "the (court) workers' just demands."

But the idea was dropped when some Likud MKs said that this sounded too much like "the legitimate demands" of the Palestinians, endorsed in the Camp David agreements.

Weiss objected to a suggested "balanced" formula by Likud MKs which called on the workers to return immediately to work.

Weiss said that although the Likud claims to represent the workers, when it comes to brass tacks, it is on the side of the employers.

Kleiner then charged Weiss with trying to

make political capital and indulging in "demagoguery." Deputy Prime Minister Dov Shilansky attacked Weiss for trying to inject "politics" into the court issue.

In the committee's final resolution, the MKs appealed to the government and workers to agree to arbitration.

Works committee representatives attending the Knesset committee meeting said the court workers dispute was "a social problem" and charged that it was one of the few salary disputes in which a minister — that is, Nissim — opposed his own ministry workers' demands.

King foresees Jordanian-Palestinian 'federation'

Israel dismisses Hussein's remarks

Jerusalem Post Staff

Israel reacted coldly yesterday to Jordanian King Hussein's remark that it had been "absurd not to recognize Israel for 34 years." Government officials argued that the monarch's statement on British television was nothing more than "an optical observation that Israel exists." It contained no readiness to negotiate, and no readiness to live in peace and normal relations with the Jewish state, these officials maintained.

King Hussein, in the Monday night interview on the BBC's *Panorama* programme, spoke of normalization once peace had been established. He envisaged a federation between a Palestinian state in the West Bank and Gaza, and his own Hashemite kingdom.

He said he personally had recognized Israel's right to exist since he had helped form UN Security Council Resolution 242. But he added, "If we are talking about diplomatic relations and normal relations, it is premature to speak of that. But, obviously at the end of the line, when we establish peace, one visualizes normal relations." At the end of negotiations there would be recognition of Israel, he said.

King Hussein said he did not believe there could be serious negotiations with the government of Israel as it stands.

Asked whether he thought there could be a compromise between the Reagan plan for an association between the West Bank and Jordan, and the Fez plan for an independent Palestinian state run by the PLO, he said that the Reagan plan was something new.

"I believe it to be the most courageous stand taken by an American administration since 1956. I believe it to be a very constructive and a very positive move. I would certainly like to see it continue and evolve," Hussein said. But the Israeli officials insisted that this "vague, hypothetical" talk of peace in the future was "absurd." If Hussein were sincere, he would pronounce himself ready to negotiate here and now, "not merely imply that he is ready to re-take the West Bank and Gaza, without negotiations, under the new U.S. peace proposals."

If Hussein were sincere, moreover, he would join the Camp David process, the officials added.

The officials strenuously denied that Hussein's statements had embarrassed the Israeli government, which on Sunday pronounced the "Jordanian option dead" in the wake of the Fez Arab summit.

The Labour Party spokesman yesterday afternoon labelled the official reaction to Hussein's remarks "a tragic oversight in the face of a historic chance for peace." The government's obtuseness could be a cause for regret for generations to come, he said.

Earlier in the day, the Labour Party reaction team made it clear that it considered Hussein's remarks an indication of a new trend. Israel must support a political initiative "to promote a solution to the Israeli-Arab dispute through direct and free negotiations without prior conditions, with Jordan and with representatives of the West Bank and Gaza, in conjunction with the U.S. and Egypt, based on the Camp David accords."

Israel must "declare forthwith its readiness to negotiate" in the wake



Jordan's King Hussein. (UPI)

of Hussein's "recognition of Israel and his suggestion for a Jordan-Palestinian federation." The government of Israel, the Labour team said, would bear the onus of ignoring the opening created by Hussein's words.

Hussein stressed in the interview that he intends to play "a very, very active role" in the search for a just and durable peace in the Middle East.

Asked whether there was now a rapprochement between Jordan and the PLO, he replied that there had always been "an ongoing dialogue." And he added: "I believe the time is coming soon when we can jointly define the framework for the future relations of Palestine and Jordan so that at an appropriate moment this can be presented to Jordanians and Palestinians in the form of a referendum. I do not believe there are any problems between us." That framework, he thought, could be a federation.

While he did not believe that the Fez summit had mandated him to handle the problems of the West Bank, he saw a clear role for his country in supporting the Palestinians "in seeking their rights on their legitimate soil."

He dismissed as "utter nonsense" Defence Minister Ariel Sharon's view that "Jordan is Palestine" and also emphasized that there was "no possibility of compromise" on the question of incorporating East Jerusalem in the new Palestinian state.

Asked whether it was not increasingly absurd for the Arab world not to recognize Israel, he replied that it was "equally absurd for the major part of the world not to recognize the People's Republic of China for so many years."

As to the future of the PLO, Hussein said that "once Palestine is recovered and Palestinian rights restored on Palestinian soil, the term PLO will cease to exist and the Palestinians will present themselves to the world in a different way."

Compiled from reports by David Landau, Sraya Shapiro and Hyam Corney.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF

Thief gets religion

The approaching Days of Awe apparently proved too weighty an occasion for a Jerusalem book thief with a guilty conscience. Librarians at the central municipal library in Beit Ha'am recently found a package on the library doorstep containing volumes of the Talmud and other religious books stolen from the library shelves. Inside was an anguished note — "God wills their return. I have no strength."

Kimche in Bonn

BONN (JTA). — Foreign Ministry Director-General David Kimche met yesterday in Bonn with West German officials, among them his counterpart Berndt von Staden. In the talks, which will continue today, both the Arab-Israeli conflict and bilateral problems were aired.

Soldier remanded for giving away explosives

BEERSHEBA (Iim). — A 21-year-old soldier was remanded for 10 days yesterday by the Beersheba District Court on suspicion of having given IDF explosives to criminals in Dimona and other places.

Police charged that Yisrael Ben-Harush of Dimona had been in possession of explosive bricks, detonators and hand grenades, and that he had passed some of these to criminal acquaintances.

Lock-out continues

EILAT (Iim). — The lock-out of workers by the management of the Cablei Zion factory here continued for the fourth straight day yesterday. The background of the lock-out is a wage dispute.

Old City antenna out

Jerusalem Post Reporter

There was no television in the Jewish Quarter of Jerusalem's Old City last night due to a failure in the central antenna which also affected the reception of stereo radio broadcasts.

The central antenna had been installed at the insistence of Mayor Teddy Kolek in order to eliminate the unsightly individual antennas on Old City rooftops.

Harp prizes awarded

The Eighth International Harp Contest closed last night with the presentation of prizes and a concert in which the first three prize-winners performed.

Annie Lavoisier was fifth in the contest, but won the Chertok Prize for the best performance of Josef Tal's Concert for Harp and magnetic tape (and not as reported in yesterday's *Jerusalem Post*).

Migdal Ha'emek safer

MIGDAL HA'EMEK. — The crime rate in this Lower Galilee development town near Nazareth fell by 33 per cent in the past year compared with the previous year, local council chairman Shaul A. our said yesterday.

Our sources attributed the drop to demographic changes and to a rapidly rising standard of living.

STOLEN. — An automatic camera, used to take photographs of vehicles which go through red lights at the Bar-Ilan intersection on Gheza Road, has been stolen, a police spokesman said.

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Polish police disperse 'hooligans' in 2 cities

WARSAW (Reuters). — Demonstrators attacked a column of police vehicles and security forces used tear gas and water cannon in disturbances in two Polish cities Monday, government spokesman Jerzy Urban said yesterday.

Four policemen were injured and dozens of people were arrested in the incidents in Wrocław and Nowa Huta, the first reported street disturbances since violent clashes between riot police and demonstrators across the country two weeks ago.

Opponents of the military authorities often stage protests on the 13th of the month, marking the imposition of martial law on December 13.

The official news agency PAP said groups of "hooligans" had tried to provoke street violence in the old town area of Wrocław, Poland's third city, after evening mass at the cathedral. Police moved in, detaining 59 of them.

Later in the evening groups of people attacked a column of vehicles taking police back into the city after their duties.

A cobblestone shattered the windscreen of one police van, injuring the driver and sending the vehicle out of control, it said.

Stones and other heavy objects were showered on police from the windows of houses, PAP said.

A total of four officers were injured and 15 people were arrested, PAP said.

Urban gave an account of the incidents at Nowa Huta, a major industrial city close to Krakow, during a press conference for foreign journalists.

Describing Monday's disturbances as minor, he said riot police used tear gas and water cannon to disperse demonstrators, one in the early afternoon and one in the evening.

At lunchtime, between 200 and 300 people marched from a steel works to the centre of town, gathering supporters on the way, Urban said. In the evening young people clashed with riot police in several parts of the city.

The spokesman said the Nowa Huta demonstrators were acting from over-excitement rather than political motives and that the inci-

dents were not very significant. The martial law authorities have used similar language to describe other public demonstrations of opposition, such as the August 31 disturbances which affected 33 of the country's 49 provinces.

Urban also told foreign reporters that the authorities did not intend to outlaw Solidarity, calling such a move "extreme."

It appeared to be the first time a government official had said bluntly that the authorities would not delegitimize the independent trade union. There had been speculation that the authorities might take this step following the fierce August 31 rioting.

Urban did not outline reported unrest in Łódź and Szczecin.

Experts retrieve 'black box' of ill-fated Spanish plane

MALAGA (UPI). — Spanish and U.S. investigators yesterday removed the black box of a New York-bound DC-10 vacation charter and examined its engines and molten debris to determine the cause of the crash Monday that killed at least 51 of the 393 people on board.

Regional authorities set up a morgue in a Spanish air force base hangar here for identification of the bodies by family members.

Nearly 50 Americans were still hospitalized with severe burns and smoke inhalation, including one in critical condition, while another 40 Americans stayed in Malaga hotels — too afraid to fly home.

Twenty-eight of the 393 people were still unaccounted for yesterday, regional authorities said.

"I felt a strong vibration from inside the plane," the pilot, Capt. Juan Perez, said yesterday. "It felt as if something hit the plane. It could have been a failure of the controls."

The Transport Ministry said Perez realized he could not brake before the end of the 3.1-kilometre

runway and decided to bring the craft down in a field on the other side of the Malaga-Torremolinos highway.

"Today, I feel I saved a lot of people," Perez said. "I could only choose between taking off with the possibility of killing us all or trying to bring the plane down and saving the people," said Perez.

The most hair-raising thing was leaving a plane that was in flames, with people roaring inside, enveloped by fire, with their legs broken, and very badly injured," said Juan Carlos Gallardo, 19, a Mexican bullfighter.

Barbara Yubonski of Brooklyn, her voice trembling, said: "As I came off the chute, I looked back and saw flames shooting out of the whole back of the plane. My husband was behind me."

"He said, 'Run! Run! Don't stop! The plane is going to explode!'"

"You didn't have a minute to think," she added. "You just acted on instinct. When we got to the other side of the road, people were panicking and throwing up."

Italy to ask extradition of key figure in scandal

ROME. — The Justice Ministry said yesterday that it hopes to present Swiss authorities with an extradition request by the end of the week for Licio Gelli, the central figure in a political and financial scandal.

A spokesman for the ministry's extradition office said work began yesterday morning on preparing the "Gelli dossier," or list of criminal charges against Gelli that must accompany the request.

The 62-year-old Gelli, dubbed "the great puppeteer" by the Italian press, is one of the most wanted men in Italy because of his involvement in a top-secret Masonic lodge called Propaganda Two or P-2, believed to be a right-wing sect working to bring down Italy's con-

stitutional order.

Gelli, who was arrested on Monday in Geneva, was grand master of the secret organization.

A U.S. television interview with jailed financier Michele Sindona led police to Gelli, officials in Geneva said yesterday.

Sindona told his interviewer that Gelli had channelled money from the Banco Ambrosiano in Milan to Switzerland.

The interview was retransmitted in Switzerland and seen by police, who traced the money — some \$50-70 million — and blocked it hours before Gelli arrived with false identity papers and attempted to withdraw it, the officials said. (AP, UPI).

Marcus Wallenberg, at 82

STOCKHOLM (AP). — Swedish tycoon Marcus Wallenberg, a towering figure in business and industry at home and abroad as the head of a multinational industrial empire, is dead at 82.

His death was announced yesterday by the board of the Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken, Sweden's most influential commercial bank and one of a series of creations by Wallenberg.

A leading force in developing Swedish post-war industry, Wallenberg was the last of his kind, the charismatic head of a family empire wielding unique powers in a modern welfare state.

Prime Minister Thorbjörn Fälldin said, "Sweden's greatest ever industrialist has passed away. His work has been of an invaluable significance to the achievements of Swedish companies both nationally and internationally."

A driving force behind many enterprises in Sweden, Wallenberg personally helped found SAS, the Scandinavian carrier owned jointly

by Sweden, Norway and Denmark, and auto maker SAAB-Scania.

The Wallenberg Group, with a combined turnover of 168 billion kronor, (S772.8 billion) includes major export industries, each with a net of subsidiaries all over the world and employing an estimated half a million people in Sweden and elsewhere.

A dominating banker, Wallenberg was criticized by some politicians who were concerned that so much power was concentrated in one man. His very name became a negative symbol of capitalism to Social Democrats and Communists.

Wallenberg was a distant relative of Raoul Wallenberg, the Swedish diplomat credited with saving 100,000 Jews from Nazi concentration camps. Raoul Wallenberg was arrested by the Red Army at the end of the war and imprisoned in the Soviet Union. The Soviets declared him dead in 1947, but reports indicate he may still be alive.

Sports

Carlton's 20th win

NEW YORK (AP). — Steve Carlton became the first 20-game winner in the major leagues this season, and he also hit a home run, as the Philadelphia Phillies defeated their arch-rivals, the St. Louis Cardinals, 2-0 on Monday night to take over first place from the Cardinals in the National League East.

It was the sixth time in his 17-year major league career that Carlton reached the 20-victory plateau. Carlton, 20-9, struck out 12 and walked none as he posted his fifth shutout of the season and the 51st of his career.

The win in the first game of the three-game series moved the Phillies one-half game ahead of the Cardinals.

In other NL action, Harry Spillman's two-run triple highlighted a three-run eighth-inning rally as Houston came back to beat Atlanta 5-3, thus giving right-hander Joe Niekro a one-game lead over brother Phil in their career matchups.

In late NL action on the West Coast, Steve Garvey slammed a two-out homer in the bottom of the 16th inning to break a 3-3 tie and give Los Angeles a 4-3 victory over the San Diego Padres. Thus the Dodgers regained first place in the NL West.

Cesar Cedeño's two-run, bases-loaded single with two outs in the top of the 11th inning slipped a 3-3 tie and lifted the Cincinnati Reds to a 5-4 victory over the San Francisco Giants.

In the American League, Lance Parrish's two-run homer in the bottom of the 11th inning powered the Detroit Tigers to a 4-3 come-from-behind victory over the Milwaukee Brewers.

The loss cut the Brewers' lead in the AL East race to two games over the Baltimore Orioles, who beat the New York Yankees. Rich Dauer's second sacrifice fly snapped a 6-6 tie and highlighted a three-run rally in the seventh inning.

Vida Blue tossed a one-hitter for his fourth straight win as the Kansas City Royals rolled to an 8-0 triumph over the Seattle Mariners. Fred Lynn stroked a pinch-hit, tie-breaking single in the seventh inning to help California defeat Chicago 6-4.

Brearey's win

LONDON (AP). — Former England cricket captain Mike Brearey ended his career in style on Tuesday, hitting the winning runs as Middlesex completed a 10-wicket victory over Worcestershire at Worcester.

Brearey, 40, capped his last season in first class cricket by guiding Middlesex to the championship. Leicestershire finished second and Hampshire third.

Elsewhere, the final day of the county championship programme was a memorable one for West Indian batsman Alvin Kalichar, who has had an outstanding season with Warwickshire. Kalichar became the first player this season to reach 2,000 runs.

But Trevor Jesty of Hampshire tore the Warwickshire attack, including England's captain and outstanding fast bowler, Bob Willis, to shreds. He made a century, including 18 fours, in 64 minutes — the second fastest century of the season. Ian Botham took 52 minutes for the fastest of all.

Jesty, who has scored eight belligerent centuries this season, was apparently thumbing his nose at Willis and the English selectors, who omitted him from the team to tour Australia.

Only two ways

DOVER (AP). — A veteran channel swimmer abandoned her bid yesterday to become the first woman to complete a three-way crossing of the English Channel after 24 hours, because she kept falling asleep, the Channel Swimming Association said.

Cindy Nicholas, a 25-year-old Canadian law student, was pulled from the water about eight kilometres off the coast of England, on the third leg of her swim, association secretary Audrey Scott announced.

Soviet, Poland warn U.S. against pressure tactics

MOSCOW (AP). — The Soviet Union and Poland warned anew yesterday that interference by the U.S. and other NATO countries into Poland's internal affairs will be "firmly rebuffed."

A joint Soviet-Polish communique, issued at the conclusion of Polish Foreign Minister Stefan Olszowski's two-day visit here, denounced economic sanctions, "propaganda aggression and other

manifestations of hostile actions" against Poland and advised:

"All such infringements of the sovereignty and independence of socialist states, (and) any attempts to apply methods of pressure in relations with them will continue to be firmly rebuffed and in the final analysis will hit back against those who take such steps."

There was not a word in the communique about the disturbances

that erupted in Poland on August 31, the second anniversary of the founding of the suspended independent trade union Solidarity. The street demonstrations, which left at least five Poles dead and hundreds injured, apparently prompted Olszowski's visit here.

Earlier yesterday, Olszowski told the official Soviet news agency Tass that the U.S. was solely responsible for world tension and that Soviet

peace initiatives were "fully in accord with the aspirations of the peoples."

Olszowski renewed the Polish pledge to remain a loyal member of the Soviet bloc, saying "people's Poland is and will be a reliable link of the community of socialist states, making substantial contribution to the fulfillment of the political, defensive tasks of the Warsaw treaty."

Hitch in Argentina delays lifting of UK banking ban

LONDON (AP). — Britain, reversing an earlier announcement, said late Monday that mutual financial sanctions with Argentina would be lifted immediately, because of legal delays in Buenos Aires.

Earlier in the day, the British Treasury said that the sanctions, imposed in April when the two nations went to war over the Falkland Islands, would be lifted at midnight Monday, London time.

But less than an hour before midnight, a Treasury spokesman made another announcement: "There has been an unexpected delay in Buenos Aires caused by legal procedures which the Argentine government needs to take."

The spokesman gave no indication how long it might take Argentina to sort out the legal procedures, but said the restrictions would be mutually lifted as soon as these were complete.

The earlier Treasury announcement noted that trade sanctions would remain, even if the banking restrictions were lifted. Britain seeks "early progress" on the removal of trade restrictions, he said.

In Buenos Aires, the Argentine Economics Ministry said on Monday no decision had been made yet on the lifting of the financial sanctions, but its communique implied Argentina would agree to the move.

Rub-a-dub-dub...three men in a tub

HUNSTANTON, England (AP). — Three men who tried to sail a 1.8-metre bathtub, powered by an outboard motor, around the Norfolk coast of England were rescued yesterday after a full-scale air and sea search.

A Coast Guard spokesman said the expedition — designed to raise money for charity — was "foolhardy."

"They are idiots," the spokesman said. "People should not go to sea in bathtubs."

The Coast Guard criticized the men for ignoring advice to take along a radio and said their folly had cost "thousands of pounds" in rescue bills.

The alarm was raised when Anthony Proctor, 36, John Nichol, 26, and Martin Bastin-Northcott, 36, failed to arrive at Hunstanton on Monday night, having set sail from Peterborough last Friday.

They were discovered drifting at sea by the Hunstanton lifeboat, having lost their oars and SOS flares.

The three men, wearing diving suits and flippers, were raising money for medical research. Their bathtub was supported on oil drums and rubber floats.

NBC links shooting of pope to KGB

NEW YORK (AP). — A U.S. network reported yesterday that it had uncovered evidence suggesting that Pope John Paul II was targeted for assassination with the knowledge and perhaps the assistance of Soviet and Bulgarian intelligence agencies.

NBC News said the pope was targeted because of his connection to the Solidarity labour movement in Poland. NBC also disclosed that the pope sent a handwritten letter to Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev in 1980 in which he threatened to "lay down the cross of St. Peter" and lead the resistance by his Polish countrymen if Soviet troops moved in.

The letter, delivered by a Vatican envoy, sparked a secret shuttle mission between Moscow, Rome and Warsaw that led eventually to a temporary easing of the Soviet-Polish attitude toward Solidarity, NBC said.

The NBC report came after a nine-month investigation, and details were released in advance of the airing of the documentary, *The man who shot the pope — a study in terrorism*. It will be broadcast September 21.

NBC traces what it calls an unbroken line from Mehmet Ali Agca, the Turkish gunman convicted for the May 1981 shooting of the pope to organized crime elements in Turkey, the Bulgarian secret service and the Soviet KGB.

PANDARANDS. — China will issue today gold bullion coins engraved with a panda motif for sale abroad. Initially in Japan and Hongkong. The "pandarands" contain 99.9 per cent pure gold and come in four sizes — one ounce, a half-ounce, a quarter-ounce and a tenth of an ounce.

The ISRAEL FESTIVAL Jerusalem 1982

Today, Wednesday, September 15

JERUSALEM
* The Philip Jones Brass Ensemble — Jerusalem Theatre, 8:30 p.m.
* Ballet: Regular De Rivecourt — Binyamin Hama, 8:30 p.m.
* Zoo Story — Khan, 8:30 p.m.

TEL AVIV
* Yossele Golem — Neve Tzedek, 7:30, 9:30 p.m.
* King Solomon and the Cobbler — Yarkon Park, 8:30 p.m.

HAIFA
* Sganarelle (American Repertory Theatre) — Haifa Theatre, 4:30 p.m.
* Rundown (American Repertory Theatre) — Haifa Theatre, 8:30 p.m.

CAESAREA
* West Side Story, 8:30 p.m.

Tomorrow, Thursday, September 16

JERUSALEM
* The Rake's Progress — Jerusalem Theatre, 8:30 p.m.
* Zoo Story — Khan, 8:30 p.m.

TEL AVIV
* Rina and Philip Jones Brass Ensemble — Marm Auditorium, 8:30 p.m.
* Yossele Golem — Neve Tzedek, 7:30, 9:30 p.m.
* King Solomon and the Cobbler — Yarkon Park, 8:30 p.m.

HAIFA
* Lulu (American Repertory Theatre) — Haifa Theatre, 8:30 p.m.

CAESAREA
* West Side Story — 8:30 p.m.

TICKETS: Tel Aviv — Hadran and other agencies Jerusalem — Jerusalem Theatre and agencies Haifa — Haifa Theatre, Garber, and other agencies and agencies throughout Israel

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8:40 English 9:00 Spoken Arabic 9:30 English 9:40 Ma Pitom 10:10 English 6:10:22 Literature for Elementary School 10:47 Science 5-9 11:05 Math/Geometry 5:11:20 English 5:11:20 Literature 7:9 12:05 Geography 5-8 12:30 English 9 13:00 Science 9-12 13:15 English 9 13:00 Everyone's University: Art in the age of technology; Life Sciences, Biology 16:00 Prett Butterflies: In the Beginning — animated series about the history of civilization 17:00 A New Evening — live magazine

CHILDREN'S PROGRAMMES:
17:30 Ritz-Ritz — children's entertainment (repeat)

18:00 Tom Sawyer — TV adaptation of Mark Twain's story

18:30 What and How

ARABIC-LANGUAGE programmes:
18:30 News roundup

18:32 The Harper Valley P.T.A.

19:00 Between Citizen and State

19:30 News

HEBREW PROGRAMMES resume at 20:00 with a news roundup

20:03 The Dances of Duke Street: A Master of Honour starring Gemma Jones

21:00 Naber Newsweek

21:30 Moked — weekly interview, hour
22:00 Adventures of Don Juan, Vincent Sherman's 1948 cinema version of the escapades of Don Juan, starring Errol Flynn, Viveca Lindfors, Robert Douglas, Alan Hale, Ann Rutherford and Raymond Burr

23:50 News

JUDAYAN TV (unofficial):
17:40 Cartoons 18:00 French Hour 18:30 (TV 3) Richie Rich 18:40 (TV 3) Amazing Animals 19:00 News in French 19:30 News in Hebrew 20:00 News in Arabic 20:30 The Two of Us 21:00 One Hundred Great Paintings 21:10 We'll Meet Again 22:00 News in English 22:15 Big Hawaii — Dallas

ON THE AIR

First Programme

6:11 Musical Clock

7:07 (stereo): Morning Melodies

8:05 (stereo): Mozart: Divertimento in C Major for Wind Instruments, K.188; Bach: Brandenburg Concerto No.6 in B-flat Major (London Philharmonic-Boult); Beethoven: Serenade op.25 (Jenna Galway)

9:05 (stereo): Haydn: Symphony No.100 in

G Major, Military (Marriner); Shostakovich: Concerto No.1, for Piano, Trumpet and Orchestra (Previn, Akina, New York Philharmonic, Bernstein); 10:05 (stereo): Mendelssohn: String Quintet op.87 (Guarneri Quartet, Zakerman); 10:55 (stereo): Rameau and Juliet, Overture-Fantasy (Boston, Munich); 11:00 Sephardi Traditions

11:15 Elementary School Broadcasts

11:30 Education for All

12:05 Rafael Sommer, cello; Jonathan Zak, piano — Beethoven: Sonata No.2, op.49; Debussy: Cello Sonata in D Minor; Delius: Sonata in One Movement

13:05 An hour with pianist Josef Kalichstein — Beethoven: Sonata No.36, op.10, No.2; Schumann-Variations

14:10 Children's programmes

15:55 Notes on a New Book

16:05 (stereo): Israel Festival Preview

17:00 Talmud lesson

17:20 Introduction to the Oral Law

17:35 Programmes for Olim

20:05 Everyone's University
20:35 (stereo): Festive Closing Concert of the International Harp Contest 1982, with the three 1st prize-winners, and the Israel Sinfonietta, conducted by Mendi Rodan
22:30 (stereo): Haydn: Eight Songs (Robin Elise-Caputo, Eldad, Neumann); Mozart: Sonata, K.380 (Vera Vodianova, violin); Emmanuel Kravinsky, piano; Busoni: Sonata No.2 (Veidman-Kravinsky)
00:30 Night Music

Second Programme

6:12 Gymnastics

6:22 Agricultural Broadcast

6:35 Editorial Review

6:54 Green Light — drivers' corner

7:00 This Morning — news magazine

8:05 All Shades of the Network — morning magazine

12:05 A Hole in the Net

13:00 Midday — music, news commentary

14:10 In a Minor Tone — with Ehud Manor

16:10 Press Conference — introduced by Yitzhak Golan
17:10 Of People and Places
17:35 Programme for Senior Citizens
18:47 Bible Reading — Psalm 103:14-22
19:00 Today — people and events in the news
20:10 Sephardi songs — recordings of a live performance
21:05 Jazz Corner
22:05 Am Yisrael Ha — Jewish communities in Israel and abroad
23:05 Good Evening from Jerusalem

Army

6:06 Morning Sounds

6:30 University on the Air — Prof. Samuel Samir lectures on Ancient Greece

7:07 — Alex Azky reviews the morning papers

8:05 IDF Morning Newscast

9:05 Right Now

11:05 Musical Requests — with Shira Guri

12:05

Human face of medicine

By LIOA MORIEL / Jerusalem Post Reporter

ESTABLISHED eight years ago under the visionary guidance of Dr. Moshe Prywes, Ben-Gurion University's Centre for Health Sciences is dedicated to turning out a different kind of physician, one interested in comprehensive medicine.

The centre educates physicians "whose initial interest in comprehensive medicine has been systematically reinforced by encouragement and appropriate training," says Prywes.

"Those who become specialists at least will have had experience in comprehensive medicine and, as a result, should become better consultants to primary care physicians, thus contributing to better cooperation and understanding between specialist and practitioners."

To anyone who has ever waited for hours to be examined by a Kupat Holim doctor, only to be given a perfunctory examination and a prescription for antibiotics, this sounds like an unrealistic dream.

But if anyone can do it, Prywes can make the dream come true. For 22 years, after arriving here from France in 1951, he was the permanent associate dean of the Hebrew University Hadassah Medical School in Jerusalem. While in this post, he became disenchanted by the selection and training of the nation's future doctors. Academic criteria steadily rose, while the number of applicants fell; the school's approach was more intellectual than human. However, the system proved itself capable of withstanding change from within.

"If you take 1,000 people who're sick," says Prywes, "700 will turn to doctors, 300 will not — they will either treat themselves or go to a pharmacy. Of the 700, perhaps 200 will need hospitalization of short or long duration; and of the 200, 10 might need to be hospitalized in a university hospital."

"Here we have built three medical schools and all the doctors we train treat only a very small percentage of the sick. All these doctors have been trained for the horizontal care of patients; they saw the case in the bed, from the moment he entered till he left. Then they saw nothing. They never saw the patient outside the institution, with his family."

For Prywes, treating a patient as a "case" is little more than an intellectual exercise. "If a heart patient is released from hospital without the doctor's seeing to it that the social worker will change his apartment from the fourth to the first floor — nothing has been done."

BEARING these factors in mind, Prywes undertook a new venture in an area of special need: the Negev. Here, 400,000 Jews from all over the world and nearly 40,000 Beduin inhabit an area that comprises roughly 60 per cent of Israel's land mass.

Three hospitals service the area, one each in Ashkelon, Beersheba and Eilat. For many people, this means that they are a long drive away from specialized medical facilities. To exacerbate the situation, most of the primary care units — the public-health clinics — are under staffed and poorly equipped.

Another problem is that two agencies — Kupat Holim and the Ministry of Health — provide health care in the Negev, the rest of Israel, and they don't always work in harmony. There is also some overlapping, without a clear demarcation of responsibilities — and the patient is the one who suffers.

The confusion in the Negev about which institution is responsible to whom and for what has not been settled. "We are bringing about an

improvement of health care in these institutions," says Prywes. "But the clinics are part of the national Kupat Holim, with its political, social and professional system, for which it will fight. Then there's the Ministry of Health in Jerusalem, also national, and also with its own system — political, social, professional."

"These two systems don't cooperate, to say the least, so there are repercussions. Whatever I want to change in Kupat Holim's system in the Negev — either in the clinics or in a hospital — must be approved by Kupat Holim headquarters in Tel Aviv. Whatever I want to change in the Ministry of Health must be approved by Jerusalem. This is a Catch-22 situation. If something happens between Kupat Holim and the Ministry of Health in Haifa, and they quarrel, I feel the repercussions in Beersheba."

TO IMPROVE the quality of health care in the region, it is not enough simply to establish another medical school, no matter how good it may

"You can't educate a doctor for something if that something is not under your control," Prywes asserts. "Medical education is not an aim in itself. It is a mission-oriented endeavour that can be judged by its contribution to society, predominantly by improving the nation's health and by developing new models of medical care."

THE FIRST move was to make Dr. Prywes not only dean of the newly created Faculty of Health Sciences at Ben-Gurion University, but also regional director of all the health services in the Negev.

Because the new medical school was set up to turn out a new kind of medical person, the usual criteria for admission and the curriculum were modified.

Fifty students are accepted annually to the school. Of these, 10 are in the *atuda* or academic reserves (they study first and do their army service later); the rest should have completed their military service.

The candidate must of course show academic aptitude, but it is

are at least as good as those of other schools. You can be both scientifically-minded and human-minded."

Discussing the new curriculum he devised for the new doctor, Prywes said that it is based on "continuous exposure to the problem of health and disease." The student meets living patients, rather than cadavers, from the first week of study. He also learns basic and behavioural sciences, of course, but everything is geared to relevance; the curriculum is patient-oriented.

"We teach students to listen. Not only to touch, but to feel; not only to look, but to see; not only to hear, but to listen. This is a great part of medicine. Instead of 'paying attention' we 'put heart'; it's not by chance that this is the Hebrew way of saying it — *sim lev*."

STUDENTS work in the community from the start. Some meet people they may never otherwise encounter. For example, a first-year student of Moroccan origin was assigned a 75-year-old central European woman as "his" patient at an old-age home. Trained to notice things, he saw the number on her arm. He asked her why she had scribbled a phone number on her forearm. The young man was very moved by her story and kept returning to hear more. This, too, was part of his education.

Because competition between students is not emphasized, there is little incentive to cheat. In fact, the students have established a tradition of not cheating in exams.

The faculty's library is in a building shaped like a geodesic dome. The space is intelligently divided into units to accommodate 80 people without making anyone feel crowded. The ground floor is equipped with medical and scientific journals, while the upper floor is filled with books. The library is dedicated to the memory of Rafi, Prywes's wife's son from her first marriage. (Raquella Prywes is a personality in her own right, and has recently had a best-seller written about her.)

The Beersheba school has already turned out one group of 30 doctors, with another group scheduled to graduate later this year. Of the 30, 18 went in family medicine (15 in the Negev, three elsewhere) and 12 are continuing their studies. The graduates are encouraged to keep in touch. Says Prywes: "They have a straight and direct approach to the hospital — they are only a phone call away."

The Beersheba experiment is wholeheartedly supported by the World Health Organization and is part of the Association for Medical Education in Europe. Dr. Prywes is on the executive committee of that 40-school network, which has representatives from England, Mexico, Holland, the Sudan, Cuba, and, most recently, Egypt. A school based on the Beersheba model opened this year in Ismailiya (the fact that it had only 50 students immediately set it apart from Egypt's other — overcrowded — medical schools).

Prywes believes that once the dedication and zeal of the Beersheba graduates become better known, gifted physicians will choose to practise in areas now deemed undesirable. "Many of us deplore that community medicine is still considered a 'step-child,'" he says. "We are trying to demonstrate that it may become the 'first-born' of a marriage between medical education and medical care."

'We teach students not only to touch, but to feel; not only to look, but to see; not only to hear, but to listen.'

be. There must be a two-pronged attack to train superior physicians and at the same time unify and improve general health services.

Prywes set out to do just that in 1974. The situation he faced was not promising. In the 1970s, there were over 2,000 locally-trained physicians, only 17 of which worked as GPs. The 1980 figures show that 80 per cent of Israel's medical-school graduates stay and work here. This means that new immigrants cannot get a job at the hospitals, and must work as Kupat Holim doctors. The result is that ambulatory work has become second-rate.

"The doctors were in these public clinics against their will," explained Prywes. "The good posts were all filled by Israelis, and *olim* were sent to development towns. They spoke Yiddish, Spanish, Russian — but not Hebrew, the language of those they were to treat. Nobody understood them. They had no access to the hospitals. They deteriorated professionally and were isolated. So I came and said that we must educate a different generation."

Prywes realized from the start that the bureaucracy could undermine his best efforts at education. He set out to "merge medical education and medical care," and insisted on being in charge not only of the medical school, but also of the regional Kupat Holim and Ministry of Health facilities.

not important if he got his high grades in mathematics or in literature.

A non-verbal intelligence test follows, and about two-thirds of those who take it go on to the next stage, the personal interview.

The interview is designed to evaluate how many of the 16 personal, moral, and intellectual qualities required by the school are possessed by the candidate. Among the necessary attributes are intellectual curiosity, a willingness to assume responsibility for helping people in distress, and personal integrity.

Lasked Prywes whether some students took advantage of the less rigid requirements of the Beersheba school, seeing that other schools would perhaps reject them. He assured me that "the same people apply to all medical schools in Israel. They mark which school they want; we mark the 40 we want — and 20 more in case they choose another school. After admission, if we look at their grades, only three or four have grades under 8, and another three in the 20. So they want to come here, and 90 per cent of them have good grades. Our standards

Internal conflict

By GIDEON RACHMAN/Special to the Jerusalem Post

WITH SO many political arguments going on about the war in Lebanon, it is easy to neglect other aspects of the problem. Professor Charles Greenbaum of the Hebrew University of Jerusalem, a specialist in social and military psychology, believes that the psychological viewpoint is crucial to an understanding of the war and to hope for future peace.

In a talk to the Jerusalem Rotary Club and in subsequent conversations with *The Jerusalem Post* he outlined his thesis. Inevitably it is replete with political implications, but Professor Greenbaum believes that although much of what he says may be politically unacceptable to some, "from a psychological point of view it is fairly indisputable."

He defines the psychological problem of the war for Israelis in terms of "Four C's": Conflict, Conscience, Conquest and Confusion.

The war, he believes, "has left us in a state of conflict, both as a nation and as individuals."

Unusual for Israel, it is a war in which a substantial minority do not believe. This, for many, causes a battle with the conscience — and confusion in the midst of conquest.

Israel is divided, yet her soldiers, many of whom share civilian doubts about the morality and efficacy of the war, continue to do their duty. "But inevitably," says Dr. Greenbaum, "there is a psychic price."

Greenbaum cited cases of soldiers he had encountered while working as a military psychologist attached to the IDF. One infantryman was an immigrant from South America, where he had been active in underground movements.

This man confided that he found it increasingly difficult to go out on

patrols in Southern Lebanon because he could not avoid drawing parallels between the PLO's campaign and the struggles he had undergone in South America. Nevertheless, he continued to do his military duty, because he could not endanger his comrades.

While psychological problems for soldiers and Israeli civilians exist now, they are to some extent assuaged by the fact that Israel has been demonstrably successful in the campaign in the Lebanon. But Dr. Greenbaum anticipates an intensification of these problems, if and when Israel decides to stay in Lebanon for a protracted period.

Greenbaum fears that for the soldiers in the Lebanon, psychological conflicts will intensify when the situation is less obviously urgent and less clearly defined.

With the problems of curfew and restrictions interfering with ordinary life that are inevitable during military occupation, the IDF's relation with the civilian population of Lebanon will be likely to deteriorate. In this situation, many Israeli soldiers will be more likely to feel increasingly uncomfortable about being embroiled in internal Lebanese disputes. This, particularly, since they just might find themselves involved in the paradoxical situation of having to defend the now defenceless, Palestinian civilian refugees from the Christian Lebanese population.

The situation, Greenbaum suggests, would be in some ways parallel to that of the Americans in Vietnam — both in the conflicts experienced by soldiers serving there and the reaction of the public back home.

With the difference, of course, that Lebanon is next door to Israel and not thousands of miles away.

What's Cooking in Tel Aviv

This Column wishes all its friends a very Healthy and Happy New Year!

HAREL

RESTAURANT

Special executive luncheon rates are now in effect at HAREL Restaurant, a 5 minute drive from Tel Aviv. Come and enjoy an excellent meal at fixed prices from a very full menu. The BALKAN-EUROPEAN cuisine is served in one of the most pleasant places in the Tel Aviv Area, in the heart of NAVEH AVIVIM centre. Dinner includes wine on the house. Open daily from 12-4 and 7-midnight, 13 Oppenheimer Street, Ramat Gan. Tel. 421888.

THE BALKAN CORNER

... is not a restaurant, ... but a gastronomic culinary institution, with Balkan taste and atmosphere. 69 Rokach Blvd., in the Tennis complex of Maccabi Tzafon. Tel. 03-417440.



THE NEST
Come cozy-up at THE NEST with your wife or girlfriend or someone else! They're open from 12 noon to the wee hours in the morning, serving the best steaks and hamburgers in Israel. If you like, just come sit at the bar...you'll always find someone to talk to. In the heart of Little Tel Aviv at 336 Dizengoff St.

THE 117 RESTAURANT

Tucked away on Herzl St. is this charming restaurant with strolling violins and accompanying pianist for your dining pleasure. The elegant continental meal is enhanced by the candlelight atmosphere. Since they are open late, it's a great place for an intimate rendezvous. STRICTLY KOSHER LAMEHADRI. Lunch from 11.30 to 3.00 p.m. Dinner from 7 p.m. to the wee hours. 117 Herzl St. 03-839451 for reservations.



STEAK & BREWBURGER

One of Tel Aviv's most popular casual restaurants in the best American steakhouse tradition, serving the biggest and the best steaks and hamburgers in town. Start your meal with a helping from the salad bar (on the house) and then choose from the menu, if you can, from the huge variety offered. Seafood — fried shrimps and calamari. A host of Italian dishes such as lasagne, cannelloni, beef, veal, lamb and duck in various preparations. Seven different kinds of omelettes... and hamburgers with all kinds of trimmings, that are the most talked about in town. Try some of the new items such as the Vienna schnitzel, salad nicotise and Moroccan cigars. Whether you're a visitor or resident of Tel Aviv, whether you come for lunch or dinner, you'll find a most rewarding dining experience. Open from 12 noon to 1 a.m. 206 Dizengoff St. 03-234304

Yodfat restaurant

Here is a very chic, elegant restaurant that can compete with the best in Paris, London, New York or Tel Aviv. It's high class... It's intimate... It's very European with a tastefully cool and light décor, and a menu of superb freshly cooked French cuisine, all of which promises a unique and most relaxing evening, dining out. Situated in one of Tel Aviv's old quarters. Dinner from 7.30 to 11.00 p.m. Open till... Air-conditioned. For reservations, call 283467 — 23A MERCAZ BAALEI MELACHA Street.



The Chinese Restaurant
From the decor of the interior to the presentation of an excellent meal, THE CHINESE Restaurant is something special. The staff are of Thai origin and the chef, former chef of the King of Thailand, is an expert in the preparation of genuine Thai dishes. A huge range of meat and seafood dishes are yours to select. Many well known Israeli personalities are among the regular clientele. This restaurant is a must for a visit. And you can order your take-home by telephone at a 10% discount, delivery free. All credit cards honoured. Open from 1 p.m.-4 p.m. and 7 p.m.-midnight Tel. 448405 326 DIZENGOFF ST

CHOCOLATERIE La PATISSERIE JAVANAISE

LA JAVANAISE is enjoying great popularity with its genuine French Baguette bread, rolls and croissants. So much so, that you can now buy them in your local supermarket. Look for them with their red, white and blue label. CERTIFIED KOSHER, and freshly baked, daily. Meanwhile, for the best of Pans... come to their coffee shop for the most delectable French pastry and homemade chocolates, all strictly KOSHER. 74 Ibn Gabirol, Tel Aviv 255447 or Maskit St., Herzliya Pituah.

Tel-aviv PANCAKE HOUSE

Now for the first time in Tel Aviv, we have our very own PANCAKE HOUSE with a fabulous choice of 12 different flavoured pancakes. Come in and cool off in this air-conditioned, American style, cool, white and immaculately clean restaurant. The 33 flavours of pure American Dream ice-cream are displayed in a glass counter that makes choosing even more difficult. Come in the morning for a hot breakfast... or late at night for a refreshingly delicious ice-cream on pancake treat. Whatever your choice, PANCAKE HOUSE is open daily from 9 A.M. to 1 A.M. 61 Ibn Gvirol St., Tel Aviv.

CLIMB THE WINDING MARBLE STAIRCASE...

To the beautiful SILVER PLATTER restaurant where this intimately lit room embraces you with elegance and charm. The warm decor of leather and wood creates an ambience of a treat to come. Whether you sit at a small table or at the Japanese sizzly grill counters, your personal chef ceremoniously prepares your 5 course meal as you look on. Throughout the meal Alysia Dor moves between the tables serenading you with South American songs. A fixed price of \$30 per person includes unlimited wine and guarantees you a most pleasant evening. For reservations call 03-291291 KOSHER

THE CARLIN PENTIA

cantin house

What a lovely place to spend an evening. Out in the quiet of Ramat Hasharon, in a warm and intimate atmosphere and served by charming Chinese hostesses, the sixteen course menu is uniquely delicious. Start with soup of the day: filled DIM SUM, followed by SEVEN main dishes including Chicken with Cashew nuts; BUDHAS delight, Szechuan Beef, Pineapple Duckling. Finish your meal with a surprise dessert. The unbelievable price, (minimum party of 4) is IS 275 per person, INCLUDING WINE. For reservations call 03-482491 50 Habanim St. Ramat Hasharon OR at their restaurant in the Savoyon Shopping Centre Tel. 03-745509.

Happy New Year A Year of Health

to Members of Kupat Holim Meuhedet

Dear Member,

If you are behind on your dues, for your own good, pay the arrears immediately, to avoid having to pay them at the new, higher rate.



Member Safeguard your rights. Pay your dues regularly, every month.

KUPAT HOLIM MEUHEDET

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

Voting Rights of Owners of Shares Traded on the Stock Exchange

On August 9, 1982, the Minister of Finance appointed a committee, under the chairmanship of the Supervisor of the Capital Market, the Ministry of Finance, which is to inquire into the various types of voting rights of owners of shares traded on the stock exchange, and into the authority and function of the Securities Authority and of the Stock Exchange in this matter.

Anyone who wishes to put a viewpoint on these subjects to the committee is invited to submit a memorandum detailing this viewpoint. If there is need, the committee will invite the person concerned to appear before it.

Memoranda should be sent to The Supervisor of the Capital Market, Insurance and Savings, Ministry of Finance, P.O.B. 883, Jerusalem 91 003.

Safe Drivers
SAVE SCHOOL CHILDREN'S LIVES



Rotem denies half-year losses, expects to break even Zim expands despite world recession

By DAVID RUDGE
Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — An addition to the Zim fleet — the 14,000-ton container vessel *Zim Singapore* — is due to enter service today. Built at the Schichau shipyard in Bremen, West Germany, the ship has a 24-man crew under Captain Nathan Lang. It will make its maiden voyage via Rotterdam and Antwerp before arriving at Ashdod sometime next month.

Zim managing director Yehuda Rotem told reporters yesterday that the ultra-modern vessel, which can carry 700 containers, was part of the company's programme to expand its fleet — despite the recession in world shipping. He added that a sister ship for the *Zim Singapore* had been commissioned and was ex-

pected to enter service next March. Both vessels will operate out of Eilat.

In addition to the company, in partnership with another firm, Ofer Brothers, has also bought two pallet ships, costing \$2 million each, which will be used for cargoes of citrus. The vessels are the first of their kind to be used by the company. They are expected to be in operation soon.

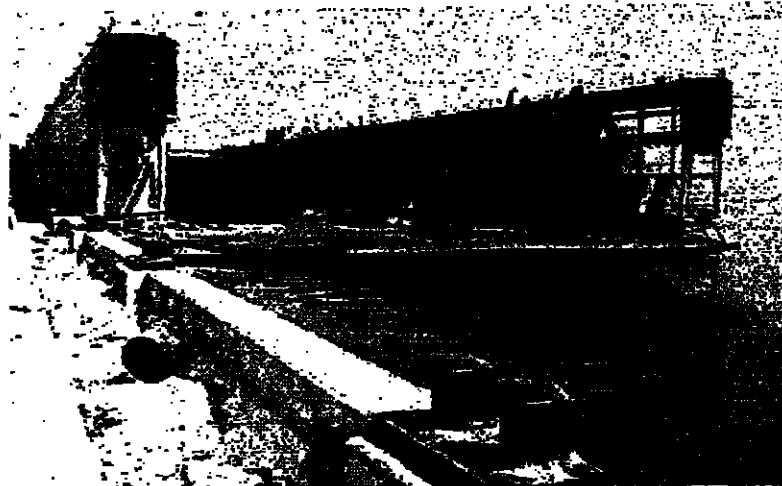
Rotem said the company was also planning to replace its four bulk carriers with more modern ships, as well as changing three or four container vessels which are currently plying routes in the Mediterranean. The firm has also ordered two new coal carrying ships which are due for delivery next year.

He revealed that in the past four

years Zim had acquired 11 new ships at a total cost of around \$200m.

Rotem admitted that like all shipping companies, Zim had been affected by the recession. But unlike other lines, it had managed to stave off the worst effects by improvements and cost-cutting measures. These included painting the underside of ships with a new paint which improves sailing efficiency and fuel costs. The company has also reduced the number of ships it charters by amalgamating some routes.

Rotem denied rumours that Zim's balance sheet for the first half of this year would show a substantial loss. On the details currently available, he said, it appears that the company will break even.



The Israel Shipyards recently completed this floating drydock, which can accommodate vessels of up to 20,000 tons. The dock is anchored off the new eastern quay in Haifa port.

Yamani warns of possible oil shortage

VIENNA (Reuters). — Saudi Oil Minister Ahmed Zaki Yamani predicts that the world oil glut will not last and has warned consumers they could cause a shortage if they force prices down, the OPEC news agency (OPECNA) said yesterday.

Yamani reaffirmed Saudi Arabia's determination to maintain the reference price of OPEC (the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries) at \$34 for a barrel of Saudi crude, the agency said.

It said Yamani's comments on the current surplus-laden market were made to a private, OPEC-sponsored energy seminar held in Oxford, England, last Friday.

Market analysts note that some of OPEC's 13 members have sold at below market prices in the present glut. Saudi Arabia, which has maintained the \$34 price, has seen its output fall from 10 million barrels daily in 1981 to under 5.5 million.

Sunfrost reports rise in exports of 33 per cent

TEL AVIV. — Sunfrost reports that in July it exported more than 1,000 tons of frozen vegetables — a record for the company. Shipments already made, together with orders on hand, indicate that this year exports will be about one third above

last year's level. Sunfrost's marketing manager said that although domestic sales have increased, the share of exports has grown and is now, for the first time, more than 50 per cent of all sales.

Exports to Lebanon doubled to \$8 million last month

By DAVID RUDGE
Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — Israel is enjoying a trade boom with Lebanon — even though the traffic is virtually all one-way. Exports to Lebanon reached the \$8 million mark last month, nearly double the July figure, and there are high hopes that the present trend will continue, a spokesman for the Industry and Trade Ministry said here yesterday.

Products exported to Lebanon in August ranged from fruit, vegetables and other food stuffs, to textiles and industrial goods, the spokesman said. About 90 per cent of the goods were grown or produced here.

The trade boom follows a visit here last month by a delegation of 26 Lebanese businessmen. During a stop-over in Haifa they were hosted by members of the Chamber of Commerce, the management of Haifa port and ministry officials. The Lebanese were offered the use of facilities at the port, at reduced fees, for the trans-shipment of goods to Lebanon, but they have so far not taken up the deal. However, a Zim spokesman yesterday revealed that the company was in the process of bringing in between

15 and 20 containers destined for Lebanon.

Arif Mehulal, director of the Haifa Chamber of Commerce and Industry, said: "Lebanese businessmen were now a daily sight at offices and factories both here and in Tel Aviv. He said that some of the merchants were currently negotiating with local manufacturers for the purchase of electrical goods for use in the building industry, as well as washing machines, airconditioners and consumer items, like television sets."

The Lebanese are excellent businessmen, who purchase only goods of the highest quality at the cheapest prices," he said. The present situation was quite good, but a lot would depend on how the political situation in Lebanon develops, he added. The Lebanese were only interested in buying at the moment and he was not aware of any Israeli businessmen importing goods from Lebanon.

Lebanese visitors

TEL AVIV (Yim). — 250 Lebanese businessmen and agriculturists arrived here on Monday to visit the kibbutz industries fair now being held.

Dan Hotels had record IS53m. profit

Post Finance Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Dan Hotels Co., whose shares were only recently registered on the stock exchange here, has reported record profits of IS53 million. The consolidated balance sheet ending on February 28, 1982 covers a period of 16 months, including two winter seasons.

The balance sheet stood at IS698.2m., compared with IS71.6m. in the previous period. This sharp

gain in balance sheet size is attributed to the revaluation of the company's total real estate holdings. As of February 15, 1982, these assets stood at IS500m.

Total income for the period of the report was IS390.7m., compared with IS185.5m. for the previous period.

In June the company raised IS399m., as the result of its first time public financing issue.



AMERICAN ISRAEL BANK LTD.

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 1982 (unaudited)

(in thousand Sheqel)

(audited) December 31, 1981		June 30, 1982	June 30, 1981	(audited) December 31, 1981		June 30, 1982	June 30, 1981
33,846	Capital, Reserves and Surplus	44,039	22,593	2,556,834	Cash, Bank of Israel and Banks	3,981,209	1,900,886
28,500	Convertible Capital Notes	28,500	28,500	1,117,381	Securities	1,703,324	790,103
5,258,167	Deposits	8,910,989	3,857,942	225,179	Loans to Israel Government	506,420	66,763
598,140	Deposits for Loan Purposes	830,248	429,829	1,403,216	Loans and Notes Discounted	2,763,195	1,134,073
20,085	Other Accounts	28,495	19,368		Loans from Deposits for		
197,985	Acceptances, Documentary Credits and Guarantees	251,149	115,510	597,715	Loan Purposes	828,171	429,322
				9,908	Other Accounts	24,355	12,555
				28,505	Bank Premises, Equipment and		
					Other Property	35,597	24,530
					Customers Liabilities for		
					Acceptances, Documentary		
					Credits and Guarantees	251,149	115,510
				197,985			
						251,149	115,510
6,136,723		10,093,420	4,473,742	6,136,723		10,093,420	4,473,742

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR HALF YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1982 (unaudited)

(in thousand Sheqel)

	January 1, 1982 till June 30, 1982	January 1, 1981 till June 30, 1981
Operating Profit before Taxes	19,793	11,713
Provision for Taxes on Operating Profit	9,600	5,600
Net Profit	10,193	6,113

MINISTRY OF JUSTICE
The Auditors Council

Notice Concerning

EXAMINATIONS OF THE AUDITORS COUNCIL

for 1983

Further to our notice published February 22, 1982, in order to assist those affected by the emergency call-up, the spring 1983 session of intermediate examinations, parts A and B, and the final examinations, part A, will be held earlier — at the end of January/beginning of February, 1983 (and not in May 1983). Final examinations part B will be held in May 1983, as stated in our earlier announcement.

Jerusalem,
Sept. 10, 1982

Mayer Gabay,
Chairman, the Auditors Council

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the leading tourist magazine

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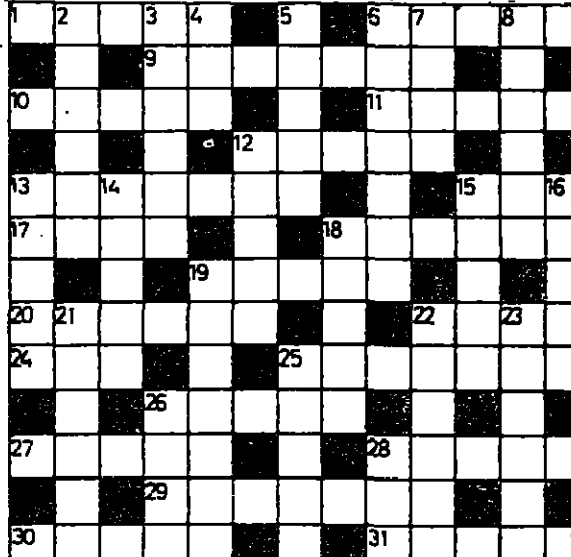
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TWO-IN-ONE CROSSWORD

CRYPTIC PUZZLE

- Claire's flower (5)
- Metaphoric money (5)
- Clearly Sir Peter's tour of Gibraltar (7)
- Wrong colour? (5)
- Strangely overdo at first (5)
- It's wet and salty (5)
- Where money's concerned, regret breaking about even (7)
- Deprive of a name (3)
- Daughter of Osiris (4)
- Entreat anybody to buzz off (6)
- Colourful sportsmen (5)
- Where a hero's landed in a mess (6)
- Some more allowances, in fact (4)
- Put down a deposit on a little nest (3)
- Classy establishments (7)
- Throw for the wicket (5)
- Where I turn round (5)
- Prize watch! (5)
- Apprentice paid in sterling (7)
- Regularly nobbled (5)
- The hardness a butcher needs (5)

Use the same diagram for either the Cryptic or the Easy puzzle.



EASY PUZZLE

- Platform (5)
- Particles (5)
- Set in order (7)
- Shop (5)
- Get Up (5)
- Blemish (5)
- Choices (7)
- Din (3)
- Legal document (4)
- Shrewd (6)
- Recreation (5)
- Warns (6)
- Lifeless (4)
- Cue (3)
- Association (7)
- Couch (5)
- Tricked (5)
- Wall-painting (5)
- Timid (7)
- Remains (5)
- Schoolroom furniture (5)

DOWN

- Walk unsteadily (6)
- Before (3)
- Gaps (5)
- 6 Versus (7)
- Sea-bird (4)
- Lucky charm (6)
- Ceases (5)
- Curse (5)
- Was fond of (5)
- Monetary unit (5)
- Lanky (5)
- Rise raising (5)
- Long paces (7)
- Destructive insect (6)
- Discontinuation (6)
- Assail (6)
- Healing ointment (5)
- Repudiate (4)
- Wet earth (3)

ACROSS

- Government place (5)
- Performed for nothing in the cowboy show (5)
- On her toes? (5)
- Hut type, so how can it be a church? (5)
- Fall into bed mortally injured (7)
- Sail erratically round the U.K. with a dog (6)
- Bobby has the OBE (6)
- In a wild gale, the French make a claim (6)
- Cut to the boundary? (5)
- A lot of building (4)
- A forename of Uncle Sam (3)

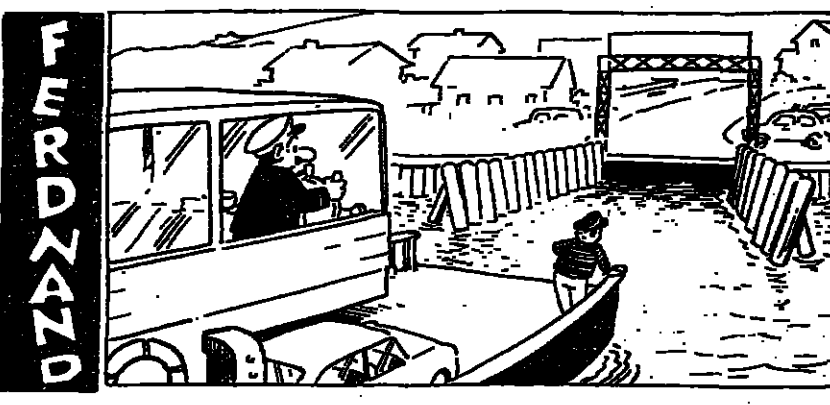
Yesterday's East Solution

- ACROSS. — 3. Moist, 8. Limer, 10. Curio, 11. Fir, 12. Banal, 13. Illegal, 15. Bears, 18. Lay, 19. Sod-den, 21. Variety, 22. Chic, 23. Lute, 24. Freedom, 26. Nicos, 29. Row, 31. Towel, 32. Attemp, 34. Dies, 35. Rai, 36. Haven, 37. Reply, 38. Dense, 39. DOWN. — 1. Rifle, 2. Heretic, 4. Oval, 5. Scales, 6. Tulip, 7. River, 9. Nil, 12. Bangers, 14. Gin, 16. Busom, 17. Lyres, 19. Deserts, 20. Scent, 21. Sines, 23. Lowered, 24. Felice, 25. Dot, 27. Lotus, 28. Ceded, 30. Apply, 32. Acts, 33. Map.

Yesterday's Cryptic Solution

- ACROSS. — 3. Spoon, 8. Serif, 10. Local, 11. Gas, 12. Ten-D, 13. Silpers, 15. Bears, 18. Lay, 19. Sod-den, 21. Variety, 22. Chic, 23. Lute, 24. Freedom, 26. Nicos, 29. Row, 31. Towel, 32. Attemp, 34. Dies, 35. Rai, 36. Haven, 37. Reply, 38. Dense, 39. DOWN. — 1. Rifle, 2. Heretic, 4. Oval, 5. Scales, 6. Tulip, 7. River, 9. Nil, 12. Bangers, 14. Gin, 16. Busom, 17. Lyres, 19. Deserts, 20. Scent, 21. Sines, 23. Lowered, 24. Felice, 25. Dot, 27. Lotus, 28. Ceded, 30. Apply, 32. Acts, 33. Map.

Solutions to today's puzzle tomorrow



WHAT'S ON

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Jerusalem

MUSEUMS

Israel Museum. Exhibitions: Permanent Collection of Judaica, Art and Archaeology; Old Gods and Young Heroes, Pezoma Collection of Maya Ceramics; Patents, Israeli products; Toys and Games of the Ancient World (Rockefeller Museum); Colour (Palestine Centre, next to Rockefeller); Touch, children's exhibition; Here and Now; Large Exhibition of Israeli art (from 149); James Turrell, Two Spaces; Special Exhibit: Islamic Armour (Rockefeller Museum); Special Exhibit: Gifts to Elihu Dobkin Pavilion for Ancient Glass; Special Exhibit: Throne Legs Case in Bronze, from Samaria, 6th-4th cent. B.C.E.; Special Exhibit: Igal Tumarkin, Definition of an Olive Tree, environmental assemblage sculpture; Special Exhibit: Torah Ark Curtain, Germany 1925 (from 149); Special Exhibit: New Shekel Coin and Ancient Jewish Prototype.

Visiting Hours: Main Museum 10-5. At 11: Brofman Reception Centre, Sherman Building, Buses 9 and 28 to last stop. Further details: Tel. 02-582819.

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Tel Aviv

MUSEUMS

Tel Aviv Museum. Exhibitions: Jubilee Exhibition (1932-1982), The Twentieth Century Art; Masters of Modern Art; City and Art, the Berlin Secession at the Turn of the Century; Dizengoff House, the early years of Tel Aviv Museum. Visiting Hours: Sat. 10-2; 7-10. Sun-Thur. 10-10. Fri. closed. Rosh Hashana (18.9) closed, 19.9-10.10. Helene Rubinstein Pavilion: Sun-Thur. 9-1; 5-8. Sat. 10-2. Fri. closed. Rosh Hashana (18.9) closed.

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KEEP YOUR EYES OPEN!

REPORT SUSPICIOUS OBJECTS

501 من الامم

Ari Rath
Editor and
Managing Director

THE JERUSALEM
POST

Erwin Frenkel
Editor

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Eilat 27, 5742 • Zil-Ki'adah 27, 1402

Unholy meeting

THE POPE'S projected meeting with the Chairman of the PLO, Yasser Arafat, at the Vatican today, will be a severe blow to Israel, and there is no point minimizing it.

Granted, the Pope doesn't have any divisions, but he has unique moral stature and he can dispense or withhold a moral legitimation which has validity in the eyes of millions around the world. It is precisely such legitimation that Arafat craves, and that he will obtain if the audience takes place as planned.

Nor is the Vatican's claim that the meeting will be of purely "humanitarian" significance entirely disingenuous. The Pope has no temporal power, but he has temporal influence. He will become — if Kreisky and Papandreu are omitted as special cases — the first Western leader to receive Arafat. Others who have long been reluctant to do so despite Arab pressures will now find those pressures redoubled in the wake of the Pope's decision.

Their reluctance, after all, stems from what are essentially moral, not expedient, considerations. But if the Pope, a primary arbiter of morality, endows the terrorist chief with an implicit moral endorsement, why should mere temporal politicians still resort to moral arguments to refuse to meet with Arafat?

Surely there are other ways in which the Pope could give expression to his sincere sympathy with the sufferings of the Palestinians, sufferings that have indeed been exacerbated during the recent weeks of war?

There is bitter symbolism in the fact that Pope John Paul II, himself a victim of terrorist assault, should receive the world's foremost architect of terror just ten years to the week after the Munich Massacre, which Yasser Arafat directly and personally planned.

There is ample evidence from a decade of terror trials in Italy that links the PLO to indigenous Italian terrorist groups. Red Brigade members actually received their training at PLO camps in Lebanon.

The Holy See must be aware, moreover — even though it did not show much overt awareness — of the PLO's record towards Lebanon's Christians during the long years of civil war. Yasser Arafat bears direct responsibility for actions of slaughter and bestiality perpetrated during those years.

The ongoing, and by now entirely incongruous, anachronistic, and unjustifiable discrimination exercised by the Vatican against Israel by its non-recognition of the Jewish State ought to have been another consideration weighing against this precedent-setting session between the Pope and Arafat.

On the inter-denominational plane, too, years of painstaking progress towards Jewish-Catholic conciliation will now inevitably suffer. There is worldwide Jewish outrage at the imminent meeting. It cuts across differences that exist over Israel's Palestinian policy or the war in Lebanon.

Nor is the criticism confined to Jews and Israelis. Leading newspapers in several countries, many of them severely critical of Israel and Mr. Begin, have strongly deplored the Pope's intention to receive Arafat.

The "long reckoning" between the Jews and the Catholic Church, and the controversy over the Church's role during the Holocaust, are additional reasons why the Curia should have thought twice and thrice before inviting Arafat.

But they are not the main or the relevant reasons, nor should they be made the focus of Israel's case. There are distressing signs, however, that Prime Minister Begin is planning once again to invoke the Six Million thus demeaning their memory and demeaning himself in a vociferous argument with a major world figure.

This line of polemics conveniently blurs the uncomfortable causal relationship between the war in Lebanon and Arafat's long-sought political and public-relations play in Rome today.

Mr. Begin's first salvo on Sunday, delivered anonymously by a senior official, drew a sharp and immediate response from the Vatican. To press the point would only run the risk of arousing Catholic hostility around the world on an issue which is disputed by historians and not germane to the matter at hand.

Israel's case against Arafat can be argued on its merits — there is no need for polemics or Hitler.

As for the Pope himself, his personal record during the Second World War and in peace is a noble tale. He witnessed Jewish suffering and has shown in the past that he understood what he saw. Presumably the initiative to invite Arafat was not his own but rather that of Curia diplomats, though he, of course, bears the responsibility.

It is not too late for him, even today, to reconsider.

STOPPING SHORT OF DREAMLAND

By DAVID KRIVINE

THE AIM of the people of Israel from the beginning has been to achieve a secure peace; peace not from a position of weakness (the 1949 borders) but from a position of strength; peace behind safe and defensible borders.

The opportunity has come at last. Prime Minister Menachem Begin made it possible. His policy during the last five years, starting with the Egyptian peace treaty and ending with the expulsion of the PLO from Beirut, has transformed this country from a minor power to a major power in the Middle East.

Begin has given Israel its position of strength; but like many other men of action in history, he is dragged on by the momentum of his own triumphs and does not know where to stop. He has provided the state at long last with the means to make peace, but he is fluffing the achievement of that objective.

President Ronald Reagan's proposal for settling the Palestinian problem is not a setback for Israel's policies; on the contrary, it offers a unique chance of fulfilling them. Begin's rhetoric has confused the issue. His declaration that Israel will not give up its control over any part of Eretz Yisrael (that is, of Palestine) until the end of days flatly contradicts everything that Israel's past leaders have said and done since the country's foundation.

It represents the programme of Herut, but not the programme of Herut's partners, neither the Liberals, nor the NRP, nor Agudat Yisrael. Nor has it been the stated policy of the cabinet coalition in its negotiations with the outside world so far.

The text of the Camp David agreement is studiously imprecise. It can accommodate Reagan's interpretation just as easily as Begin's. It certainly does not give carte blanche to the Greater Israel design.

FOREIGN MINISTER Yitzhak

Shamir told the Knesset last Wednesday that if Reagan's plan of territorial compromise had been implicit in the Camp David paper, Israel would never have signed it. It can be answered that if Begin's version of permanent Israeli sovereignty over all Palestine had been implicit in that paper, the Egyptians and the Americans would not have signed it.

What does the Camp David protocol say? "The population of the Middle East years for peace." More specifically, a committee is to be set up for negotiating a settlement with Jordan.

How is that to be achieved? After a period of transitional arrangements, "negotiations will take place to determine (in a later section the phrase "to agree" is used the final status of the West Bank and Gaza and its relationship with its neighbours." The document specifies: "The negotiations will resolve, among other things, the location of the boundaries."

Two things can be said: Firstly, if the final status is to be negotiated, the solution must have some chance of being acceptable to the Arabs. Secondly, if frontiers are to be included in the negotiations, there has to be a measure of give-and-take over that topic as well.

Evidently the two sides are entitled to their own opinion as to how the negotiations will work out. But they must not announce prematurely what those results are going to be. In making such an announcement, Begin has pre-empted the outcome.

He can justify his indiscretion by blaming the Americans. They ought not to have any opinion at all, being an intermediary. If they do have an opinion, they should not blurt it out. Since they have done that, Israel had no option but to state its case. Quite so. But what is the upshot? The upshot is that there is no longer anything to negotiate about. Begin had made it clear all along that he

would not allow the West Bank and Gaza to be *Judenfrei*. But he had hinted at possible forms of compromise: a condominium, a confederation with Jordan.

Now he has stated bluntly that whatever happens, Israel is going to be sovereign over these disputed lands forever. The wheel has come full circle. To modify a well-known aphorism by Henry Ford, the Arabs can fix any frontier they like for the Jewish state, as long as it is the historic frontier of Mandatory Palestine.

Yet some shifting of boundaries is imperative. Israel has always been prepared, painful though this is, to give up a part of Eretz Yisrael. The world's recognition that the Jews have a claim to Palestine must be matched by an Israeli recognition that the Arabs have a claim, too. That claim must be given at least a token territorial expression, otherwise peace will never be forthcoming.

Reagan's recommendations are thankfully not the extremist decisions of last week's summit in Fez. Despite some oversights, with which Israel will have to take issue (notably concerning Jerusalem), the U.S. president has gone a long way to meet our requirements, which, it should be noted, have hardened with the passage of time.

In 1947, we were prepared to stomach the UN Partition Plan. After the War of Independence, we latched on to the more generous 1949 borders. Then came the Six Day War, after which Israel would not consider either the 1947 or the 1949 borders, but conceived the Allon Plan.

Came the Lebanese war, and Begin now accepts neither the 1947 line nor the 1949 border nor the Allon Plan. He demands the borders of all Palestine. (To his credit he did not take more, but gave up the whole of Sinai including Yamit.) He expects the Arabs of Palestine and

Dry Bones



Jordan to go along with that.

THEY WILL NOT: Begin's heroics have come off remarkably well up to now, but we cannot follow him into dreamland. We must retain at least some of the unfanciful common sense which, he it said, has been the province of the socialist leadership since Zionist politics began.

Peace must be bought, it cannot be achieved for nothing. What Begin offers boils down to: personal autonomy for the Arabs, in a territory under Israeli sovereignty and dotted with Israeli settlements. Some people consider this to be a good solution, but nobody can seriously believe it will satisfy the Arabs.

The Likud autonomy plan, whatever its merits, is not negotiable. The Begin-Shamir-Sharon policy represents a *cul-de-sac*; it leads nowhere. The prospect ahead is continued stalemate.

The Likud have exhausted their creative energies during their five years in office. The time has come

for a change of government which the early elections under consideration could make possible. Labour must be brought back to power. What's necessary now is their intellectualism and flexibility. The situation demands fresh ideas, new leadership, an innovative approach.

Is the effort worth making? Can the Allon Plan be any more acceptable to Jordan and the Arab states behind it than Begin's autonomy proposals? Reagan invites us to make the attempt. If we comply there are two possible results: either Jordan will make peace with Israel or it will not.

It does, we are out of the woods. A Jewish state with defensible borders at peace with the Arabs — this would be an outcome that few expected to see in their lifetime.

If Jordan refuses to make peace with Israel, even on Reagan's terms, then the situation stays the same as it is now. Israel's possession of the West Bank and Gaza will remain unchanged — with this qualification: Israel will be on the side of the angels.

We will have lost nothing, save the world's hostility. We will have kept open the door to continued negotiation. We will have retained the friendship of the U.S. — the only country that has stood by our side steadfastly throughout. That alone is a bounty worth holding on to.

The writer is a member of The Jerusalem Post editorial staff.

READERS' LETTERS

REAGAN'S PLAN

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post Sir — President Reagan's speech to the American people about the Middle East ignores realities.

1. Was it not Israel's military might that forced the PLO out of Beirut? Was it not Israel's magnanimity in ceding the Sinai to Egypt that proved how highly she valued peace?

2. If Reagan should succeed in his programme, will 100 million Arabs suddenly forget their hatred of Israel? Will more than three-fourths of the world's nations, large and small, extend the hand of friendship to Israel? Will the Lebanese sign a formal peace treaty with Israel and

lose millions of Arab customers?

3. Should the Palestinian problem be solved, would that stop the Iran-Iraq war, make Syria and Iraq good neighbours, lessen the Saudi fears of Moslem fundamentalists, solve the Kurdish problem, and make the Middle East free from future conflicts among the volatile Arabs? "A just and lasting peace in the Middle East" indeed!

4. If the West Bank and Gaza were turned over to their one million plus crowded inhabitants, would they make room for another million Palestinian refugees? SAMUEL STRAUSS Upper Meretz.

THANKS TO GEVA

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post Sir — I would like to thank Colonel Eli Geva for his heroic action in resigning from the Lebanon war.

It renews my faith in the Israeli dream to see men like him emerge to speak his conscience. This, after all, is what the establishment of your nation was all about and why

so many of us for so long have championed Israel's cause.

Many Americans would like to give moral support to voices like Geva's, partly because we fear that Israel will lose U.S. support altogether if situations like the present one should continue.

PATRICIA KENT GILMORE Denver, Colorado.

SHEIKH EL-HUZEIL

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post Sir — I refer to your report of September 9 about the death of Sheikh el-Huzeil.

The Sheikh, a good acquaintance of mine since 1942, was much younger than you report. According to his own words, he was not yet married when he met the first British soldiers after the fall of Beersheba in 1917. According to Bedouin custom, he would then have been about 17, surely not more than 20.

We arrive at the same result if we take as starting point the so-called Year of Return, a year of drought,

according to the former District Officer of Beersheba, the late Asef el-Asef — the year 1911. The woman of the tribe, officiating in the rite Mother of Rain, was not yet married then but nubile. She was, according to different reliable sources, about one year the Sheikh's senior.

Accordingly, the Sheikh would have been about 85 at the time of his death — not 110.

Furthermore, the Sheikh's name was Saliman and not Suleiman. ARIE EFRAT Kibbutz Dorot.

RADIO INTERVIEWS

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post Sir — I listen to the English radio programme and am often annoyed and distressed when they present an interview with some personality. This person although sometimes very important, had poor diction and does not possess good grammar and English; he hems and haws and stutters and the stance of his answers is often misunderstood or

very difficult to understand. It seems to me that radio listeners would prefer a clear and distinct presentation of the answers by the radio reporter, as they are more interested in the clarity of the facts than in their original, but inept presentation by interviewee.

WILLIAM BRAITERMAN, Hadera.

POSTSCRIPTS

A PAINTING carrying the signature of Adolf Hitler is gathering dust and huge storage fees at Zurich's international airport as authorities hunt for its vanished owner.

The picture, with an estimated value of 950,000 Swiss Francs (151.1 million) was deposited in an airport warehouse eight years ago by a Frenchman giving his name as Marcel Boucher.

But Boucher has since disappeared, and officials say it will cost him 45,000 Swiss Francs (15,535,000) in unpaid storage fees to reclaim the work. Advertisements placed in Swiss and French newspapers and inquiries through the Swiss embassy in Paris have so far failed to lure him back.

The painting, which depicts a mountain landscape in picture-postcard style and is marked "A. Hitler, 17.7.36," was apparently painted at Hitler's mountain villa.

If the owner does not reappear and pay up, it will be auctioned off, an official at the airport storage firm said.

THE WHITE marble quarries of Carrara, active since Roman times, are barely feeling the pinch of the world recession, thanks to continuing strong demand from a discriminating clientele.

"There is no talk of crisis here. We're still doing well," white marble wholesaler Alessandro Bernardi says.

About 760,000 tonnes of marble, almost all quarried locally, were shipped abroad from the nearby local marble port last year — some 30,000 tonnes more than the exports in 1980.

Small amounts of the highest quality white stone, in which Michelangelo sculpted his "Pieta" and the imposing figures of Moses and David, are kept for the Renaissance artist's modern successors. Britain's Sir Henry Moore is one.

Michelangelo's quarry is still there, now just a geometrical gash in the mountains and one of the many quarries worked by huge heavy machinery which is gradually eating its way into the towering white rock faces.

A brief drive inland from the Mediterranean beaches south of Genoa leads through medieval Carrara. From there, a twisting road winds its way up into the white-scarred mountains which have determined so much of the town's history.

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